

Butner Town Council Meeting Agenda

6:30 PM Thursday, May 2, 2024 Council Meeting Room – Butner Town Hall 415 Central Avenue Butner, NC 27509

Hearing impaired devices are available upon request – Please see Town Clerk

- 1. Welcome, Remarks and Call to Order Mayor Dr. Linda Jordon
- 2. Roll Call Clerk Rote
- 3. <u>Invocation and Pledge of Allegiance</u> Councilmember Josh Shank
- 4. Adjustments to and/or Approval of the Meeting Agenda
- 5. <u>Acceptance of Meeting Minutes</u> (Attachment 5)
 - April 2, 2024 Budget Workshop
 - April 4, 2024 Regular Meeting
 - April 16, 2024 Budget Workshop
- 6. <u>Proclamations</u>
 - <u>May 2, 2024 National Day of Prayer</u> The Town recognizes this day annually.
 - <u>May 2024 National Cities, Towns, and Villages Month</u> Celebrating America's local governments and the National League of Cities' historic centennial anniversary. **(Attachment 6)**
- 7. <u>Public Comment Period</u> *Citizens wishing to address the Board must sign in on the form located on the podium prior to the beginning of the meeting.*
- 8. <u>Consider Land Development Ordinance (LDO) Text Amendment TA.24.03 to</u> <u>Articles: 1 General Provisions, 3 Review and Approval Procedures, & 17</u> <u>Definitions, to clarify provisions.</u>

Staff is working with CodeWright Planners to complete text amendments to Articles 1, 3, and 17 of the Land Development Ordinance. These edits are primarily to clarify procedures and to assist staff in processing zoning cases that may come before the Planning Board and Town Council. **(Attachment 8)**

• Public Hearing

<u>Consider Consistency Statement and approval of Text Amendment</u> <u>TA.24.03</u>

Recommended Action: Town Council must adopt a statement indicating if the amendment is/is not consistent with the Butner 2040 Plan's Goals and Objectives, and relative to public interest. The Ordinance Administrator recommends approval of TA.24.03 to *Articles: 1 General Provisions, 3 Review and Approval Procedures, & 17 Definitions* to clarify provisions of the LDO as presented, effective upon adoption. The Planning Board recommends the same.

9. <u>Consider Land Development Ordinance (LDO) Text Amendment TA.24.04 to</u> <u>Article 2 Administration - Designating Board of Adjustment duties to the</u> <u>Planning Board.</u>

Recently staff discussed designating the duties of the Board of Adjustment to the Planning Board at their respective meetings. Staff and the Town Attorney drafted proposed text amendments and have reviewed the amendments with the Planning Board and notified the Board of Adjustment of the same. Each group consists of seven members. Staff notes it has been difficult to ensure that each group has a full membership at times. This is important because meetings and votes cannot be held without a quorum of members. By combining the groups, staff would be meeting with the same individuals on a regular basis. This will be supplemented with training. State statue allows for the duties of the Board of Adjustment to be designated to the Planning Board in 160D-302. The duties of the Planning Board and Board of Adjustment are stipulated by the Land Development Ordinance and the duties do not overlap. **(Attachment 9)**

- Public Hearing
- <u>Consider Consistency Statement and approval of Text Amendment</u> <u>TA.24.04.</u>

Recommended Action: The Town Council must adopt a statement indicating if the amendment is/is not consistent with the Butner 2040 Plan's Goals and Objectives, and relative to public interest. The Ordinance Administrator recommends approval of TA.24.04 *Article 2 Administration*, designating the Board of Adjustment duties to the Planning Board, effective upon adoption. The Planning Board recommends the same.

10. <u>Receive & Accept March 2024 Financial Report</u> – Finance Director Ung (Attachment 10)

11. <u>Receive Contingency Update – No Action Needed</u>

Sole Source vendor C.W. Williams in Rocky Mount evaluated the ladder truck #1 radiator issue and quoted \$17,551.40 for its repair. Contingency funds are being used.

Request #	Date	Description	Activity	Balance
	07/01/2023	Beginning balance		\$ 125,000.00
2024-001	07/03/2023	Replace Fire Alarm Panel Town Hall	\$ (5,200.00)	119,800.00
2024-002	08/25/2023	BPS – Vehicles outfit equipment	(1,185.00)	118,615.00
2024-003	08/25/2023	Sports Arena Heating & Air system	(31,772.00)	86,843.00
2024-004	4/15/2024	Ladder #1 Radiator Repairs	(17,551.40)	69,291.60

Contingency Budget Reconciliation

12. <u>Consider awarding the contract for FY 2023-24 Audit Services to Thompson,</u> <u>Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A.</u>

The NC Local Government Commission division of the State Treasurer's Office requires the Town to establish a yearly contract date of approval. Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A. from Whiteville, NC won the bid for three years. FY 2023-24 audit services will be for the third year not to exceed \$31,000.

Recommended Action: Staff recommends awarding the FY 2023-24 annual audit contract to the accounting firm of Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A.

13. <u>Consider awarding on-call architectural and engineering services to</u> <u>HagerSmith Architects, Oakley Collier Architects, WithersRavenel, Davis,</u> <u>Martin, Powell, LKC Engineering, and Summit Engineering and authorizing the</u> <u>Town Manager and Town Attorney to finalize and execute the contracts.</u> Staff reviewed Request for Qualification (RFQ) responses from 19 firms interested in working with the Town in an on-call capacity. Staff recommends contracting with two architectural firms and four engineering firms. The contracts would cover three years and provide options for renewal. The firms provide a wide variety of focus areas that will benefit the town with future architectural and engineering services for capital projects and expedite the projects by eliminating a need to solicit an RFQ for each project. The proposed FY24-25 budget includes various projects that could be completed by on-call engineers.

Recommended Actions: Staff recommends approving architectural and engineering services on-call contracts with HagerSmith Architects, Oakley Collier Architects, WithersRavenel, Davis, Martin, Powell, LKC Engineering, and Summit Engineering, and authorizing the Town Manager and Attorney to finalize and execute contracts with each firm.

14. Consider awarding construction of the Gazebo Park Performance Stage, necessary budget amendments, and authorizing the Town Manager and Town Attorney to finalize and execute the contract. A bid opening is scheduled for Tuesday, April 30. Depending upon the outcome, Council may consider awarding construction of the Stage and accompanying budget

15. <u>Receive FY 2024-25 Budget and Budget Message from Town Manager</u> <u>McMillen.</u>

amendments. Updated items will be presented at the meeting.

The Town Manager must prepare a proposed municipal budget and submit it to the governing body no later than June 1. A copy of the proposed budget will be on file in the Office of Town Clerk and on-line for the public to review. **(The Budget Message will be available night of meeting)**

Recommended action: No action needed.

16. <u>Call for a Budget Public Hearing in conjunction with the June 6, 2024 Regular</u> Session pursuant to N.C.G.S. 159-12 to receive input on the FY 2024-25 <u>Budget.</u>

Following presentation of the FY 2024-25 budget by the Town Manager, a budget public hearing is required. Following the public hearing, the Budget Ordinance may be adopted.

Recommended action: Call for a budget public hearing in conjunction with the June 6, 2024 Regular Session, Pursuant to N.C.G.S. 159-12.

17. <u>Reports</u> (Attachment 17)

- > Manager
- Planning Director
- > Public Safety Director
- 18. <u>Attorney Report</u>
- 19. Mayor and Council Comments
- 20. <u>Closed Session as needed</u>
- 21. Adjournment

REMINDERS:

If you need additional information about the following items, please visit **Butnernc.org** for updates and additions.

- May 3 Employee Litter Clean-up 12:00 PM Town Hall offices closed 12 5 PM
- May 9 Gnome Lantern & Planter Workshop 5:30 PM Town Hall
- May 10 Food Truck Friday 11 AM 2 PM, Gazebo Park
- Planning Board Meeting 6:30 PM, Town Hall May 13 Military Holiday Committee – 7:00 PM, Town Hall
- May 20 Parks and Rec. Advisory Committee 7:00 PM, Town Hall
- May 27 Memorial Day Wreath Laying Ceremony 10 AM, Gazebo Park (Sports Arena -Rain) Town Offices Closed for regular business
- May 31 Butner Summer Festival Dance 7 PM 10 PM Sports Arena, 24th Street
- June 1 Butner Summer Festival 9:00 AM Gazebo Park

ATTACHMENT 5

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 2, 2024 – 3:00 P.M. SPECIAL MEETING – BUDGET WORKSHOP BUTNER TOWN COUNCIL CAMP BUTNER MEETING ROOM – TOWN HALL

The Butner Town Council met in a Special Meeting for the purpose of working on the FY 24-25 Town Budget at the above-mentioned time and place. All members of the Council and local news media were notified of the same.

Council Present: Mayor Dr. Linda Jordon, Mayor Pro Temp and Finance Committee Chair Michel Branch, Councilmembers, Judy Cheek (Finance Committee Member) Tom Lane (Finance Committee Member), Josh Shank and Ed Sosa. Also present: Town Manager Jordan McMillen, Finance Director Hak Ung, BPS Director James Champion, Public Works Director Reid Daniel, Admin/HR Director Liz Davis, Planning Director Jennifer Ganser, and Town Clerk Barbara Rote. **Council Absent**: Councilmember Vicky Daniels

OPENING

Finance Committee Chair Branch called the meeting to order.

This was the second meeting to discuss the FY 24-25 budget and a follow-up to the March 13, 2024 Budget Retreat. Town Manager McMillen and Finance Director Ung led the presentation and discussion.

Copies of the detailed presentations were distributed to Council. Below is a summary. A copy of the updated CIP, Fee Schedules and a draft of the FY 24-25 Proposed Budget were also provided.

REVALUATION AND REVENUE NEUTRAL

Butner's tax base is estimated after potential appeals to be \$950,000,000 with an estimated Revenue Neutral Rate of 0.323 per \$100 value. The rate could go as low as 0.270. The impact of the tax rate on an average home (\$250,000)

The impact of the tax rate on an average home (\$250,000)

At 27 cent rate = \$675/year

At 32 cent rate = \$800/year At 40 cent rate = \$1,000/year

At current 42.5 cent rate = \$1,063/year

BUDGET SCENARIO

Revenue Neutral Tax Rate Calculation				
(1)	FY 2024 Tax Value	\$	707,939,797	
(2)	FY 2024 Tax Rate		0.4250	
(3)	Tax Revenue Yield	\$	3,008,744	
(4)	FY 2025 Tax Value	\$ 2	1,151,105,055	
(5)	New Tax Rate Before Growth		0.261	
(6)	Growth Factor		2.14%	
(7)	Revenue Neutral Tax Rate		0.267	

POTENTIAL AFTER APPEALS

Revenue Neutral Tax Rate Calculation					
(1)	FY 2024 Tax Value	\$	707,939,797		
(2)	FY 2024 Tax Rate		0.4250		
(3)	Tax Revenue Yield	\$	3,008,744		
(4)	FY 2025 Tax Value	\$	950,000,000		
(5)	New Tax Rate Before Growth		0.317		
(6)	Growth Factor		2.14%		
(7)	Revenue Neutral Tax Rate		0.323		

BUDGET UNKNOWNS

- Final Tax value after appeals will be available Mid-May.
- Solid Waste Disposal Tax, Video programming (cable) distribution, Beer and Wine Sales Tax, Utility Franchise Tax anticipate projections from NCLM by April 15th this accounts for approximately \$500,000.
- Insurance rates/cost anticipated April 15th Budget was a 10% increase in medical and 5% in dental.

HR/ADM Director Davis reported that the latest medical increase would be 7% and dental 3%. Negotiations are on-going. The medical number may come down.

STATUS OF FY25 BUDGET

The initial budget and current budget version were presented with the current version allowing for future planning and the inclusion of the \$500,000 gateway study/design.

- Initial Version (prior to adjusting revenues and tax rate)
 - Total budget = \$10,347,263; Uses \$862,868 from General Fund balance to balance budget prior to adjusting tax rate. (based on revenue neutral rate)
 - This does not include any adjustment to tax rate and does not include \$500,000 for Gateway study/design.
- Current Version (where we are today)
 - Added \$500,000 for Gateway study/design.
 - Reduced investment earnings \$62,868.
 - Adjusted tax rate from 42.5 cents to 40 cents to provide one-time capital items while preparing for future loss of \$500,000/year from SGWASA.
 - Total budget = \$10,847,263; Balanced with no fund balance being used.
- In FY 23 ARPA funds (\$2.5 million) raised the budget and the FY 24 budget included \$1.34 million for the Ladder Truck.
- The FY 25 budget doesn't include the 1.34 million for the fire truck. That will be added to the budget in July when the outstanding purchase orders are reestablished for the new year. (The money is absorbed into the General Fund at the end of one fiscal year then reappropriated in the following fiscal year)

The Current Version would use \$1,432,301 of Fund Balance to balance the budget using the revenue neutral rate. The current version with 40 cents does not use any Fund Balance. If we left the rate at 42.5 cents we would increase the Fund Balance by \$281,590.

GENERAL FUND REVENUES FOR FY 25

Summary of Major Revenue Changes:

- **Property Taxes** Increase of \$1,489,969 if we adopted a 40-cent tax rate; Property taxes would increase by \$57,668 if we adopted revenue neutral rate.
- **Sales Taxes** Level funding at \$3,203,615 due to strong budgeting in prior year; Post-pandemic increases have slowed down.
- Motor Vehicle Taxes Increase of \$12,103 with budgeted total of \$340,000
- **DHHS Public Safety Agreement** Increase of \$28,809 with total anticipated revenue of \$965,052.

- **Revenue from SGWASA** Remains \$500,000 thru FY27; Result of Session Law 2006-159 for 20 years from Town's incorporation.
- Investment Earnings Decrease of \$47,398 with budgeted total of \$337,132; Remains strong with current fund balance, but rates are subject to lowering in the future; Prior to FY22, revenue was closer to \$15,000 total.
- **SRO Fees** Increase of \$44,953 due to full year revenue from second SRO
- **Transfer from Capital Reserve –** remains at \$225,000, which is designated for vehicles.
- **Fund Balance Appropriated** 40 cent tax rate balances budget without using Fund Balance. Revenue Neutral uses \$1,432,301 of Fund Balance to balance budget.

If rate remains at 42.5 cents – property tax revenue would increase \$1,771,558 from FY24 budget and \$281,590 would be added to Fund Balance

Amount Percentage Increase/ Increase/ FY24-25 (Decrease) (Decrease) Total **Personnel Cost** \$6,840,996 \$562,411 8.9% **Operational Cost** \$2,109,495 (\$-18,412) (-1%) **Capital Outlay** \$1,896,772 (-\$429,361)(-18%) Overall \$10,847,263 \$114,638 1.1%

GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES FY 25

* Prior year adopted budget was \$10,732,625 and included \$1,332,841 for ladder truck; When truck PO rolls over in FY25 budget the total budget will increase \$1.45 million over prior year.

<u>Details</u>

Overview

Personnel Costs

- Increase of \$562,411 (8.9%) due to five major items:
 - 1. Full year salary study impact \$285,000
 - 2. Cost of Living Adjustment (3%) \$133,747
 - 3. Merit Pay (calculated using 2.75%) \$122,602
 - 4. Mandatory Retirement Increases \$51,211
 - 5. Employee Health Insurance increase \$50,138
 - 6. One new PT position for litter cleanup \$20,000
- The Planning Position budgeted in FY 24 was removed, which makes up the difference.

Operational Costs

- **Decrease of \$18,412 (1.0%)** due to election expense, Finance computer software, salary study, and IT reduction for one-time purchase of finance software.
- Notable Increases Include:
 - Computer Hosting IT Operating Environment and Network Update Onetime cost of \$22,000 for migrating from VOA to MOA; however, once implemented, the recurring costs will be lower; one-time \$23,000 for refreshing Town Hall end-of-life network components; one-time \$22,250 for refreshing BPS end-of-life network components.

- Public Safety Facility Location Assessment \$18,300
- Public Safety Officer Phones and Wireless Connectivity \$15,633
- Public Safety Increase in public relations and advertising \$8,310
- Public Works Increase in streets maintenance for contracted ROW mowing -\$8,000
- **Planning –** Town Roadway Specification Manual \$40,000
- **Planning -** On-call planning assistance \$15,000
- Butner Athletic Park Increase for Wi-fi \$10,000

Capital Outlay

- Decrease of \$429,361 (-18%)
- Major Capital Items:
 - Vehicles Public Safety (6) \$405,000; Public Works (1) \$60,000; Town Hall
 (1) \$40,000
 - **BAP Turf Equipment** \$22,000
 - Council Room Chairs \$15,000
 - Public Safety Equipment body cameras \$55,597; radios \$60,120; turnout gear \$21,420; FF Helmets \$5,600; pistol replacement \$26,635; LPR Cameras \$21,900; UAV drone \$15,000; car camera server \$10,000
 - Cultural and Recreation \$100,000 for inclusive playground, \$50,000 for SMSA parking lot design, \$40,000 for soccer/multi-purpose field location study
 - **Transfer to Capital** Future Gateway study/design \$500,000
- The Capital Outlay does not include the 1.33 Million Fire Truck.
- Pistol replacements were originally \$42,000 reduced to \$26,635. Number of pistols reduced from 40 to 35 and removed red dot sights, which can be purchased in a future year. \$13,125 is anticipated in revenue for existing pistols (35 x \$375).
- BPS applied for a Body Camera Grant which could free up funds for the red dot sights this year.

OTHER FUNDS FY 25

- Powell Bill (Fund 11)
 - Anticipate receiving \$235,256 in FY25; Fund balance of \$497,196 as of January 2024. Used for future streets resurfacing and sidewalk project.
- Local Vehicle Tax Streets (Fund 21)
 - Anticipate receiving \$35,000 in FY25; Fund balance of \$139,013 as of January 2024.
 - Includes \$34,850 to complete pavement condition assessment.
 - The Town charges \$10 per vehicle of which half goes to the general fund and half stays in the local vehicle tax fund. The funds are permitted to be used for maintaining and repairing the town's local streets.

• Stormwater Fund (Fund 62)

- Total budget of \$495,018 for FY25; Fund balance totals \$1,870,382 as of January 2024.
- Major expenses include \$23,393 to SGWASA for IAIA, \$13,900 in UNRBA dues, \$31,000 for Granville County shared stormwater services; Fund covers 25% of public works staffing cost and 29% of planning staff costs.
- Stormwater Utility's consultant (Raftelis) is evaluating need for future rate adjustments to keep up with future program costs.

Staff will verify if state-owned properties are now paying stormwater fees.

FEE SCHEDULE

The Fee Schedule is adopted with the Budget. Over the past FY, the fee schedule was amended 2 times, once for the BPS Vehicle Service Fee for businesses and again for the pickle ball fee.

Planning and Rental Fees have increased over the past 2 budget years.

TAX RATE DISCUSSION

Council discussed pros and cons of the 40 cent tax rate versus our current 42.5 cent rate. No one was interested in lowering the rate below 40 cents. Staff will get confirmation on what other Granville County municipalities are planning. Staff will also have better revenue projections from the League.

Council will further discuss the tax rate options during their next Budget Workshop on April 16, 2024 at 3:00 PM in the Camp Butner Room, Town Hall.

ADJOURN – The meeting adjourned at 4:40 PM

Minutes prepared by Barbara J. Rote, MMC, NCCMC Town Clerk

ATTEST:

Dr. Linda Jordon, Mayor

THURSDAY, APRIL 4, 2024 – 6:30 P.M. REGULAR MEETING OF THE BUTNER TOWN COUNCIL COUNCIL MEETING ROOM – TOWN HALL

The Butner Town Council met at the above-mentioned time and place. All members of the Council and local news media were notified of the same as well as the purpose of the meeting.

Council Present: Mayor Dr. Linda R. Jordon, Mayor Pro Temp Michel Branch, Councilmembers Judy Cheek, Vicky Daniels, Tom Lane, Josh Shank and Ed Sosa. Also present: Town Manager Jordan McMillen, Town Attorney Jim Wrenn, Town Clerk Barbara Rote, and Deputy Town Clerk Anita Thomasson.

CALL TO ORDER & ROLL CALL

Mayor Jordon called the meeting to order. Clerk Rote called the roll for Council attendance. Councilmember Daniels gave the prayer and led the Pledge to the American Flag.

AGENDA APPROVAL

MPT BRANCH MADE A MOTION, SECONDED BY COUNCILMEMBER DANIELS, TO ACCEPT THE AGENDA AS PRESENTED. **THE MOTION CARRIED.**

MINUTES ACCEPTED -MARCH 7, MARCH 13, 2024

MEETING MINUTES WERE ACCEPTED ON MOTION BY COUNCILMEMBER LANE, SECONDED BY COUNCILMEMBER CHEEK. ALL VOTES WERE IN THE AFFIRMATIVE. **THE MOTION CARRIED.**

RECOGNITION OF PARKS & RECREATION ADVISORY COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Mayor Jordon recognized members of the Parks and Recreation Advisory Committee and presented them with a certificate and computer bag. Present: Lynette Bailey, Theresa Hopson, Mike McFadden, Jacob Schaper, Councilmember Ed Sosa and Victoria Whited. Councilmembers Michel Branch and Josh Shank were also recognized for their past service on the Committee. Maggie Brummitt was recognized but was not present.

RECOGNITION JOSEPH MANNELLA TO SR. PSO

Captain Champion recognized officer Joseph Mannella for his advancement to Senior Public Safety Officer.

PUBLIC COMMENT

No one spoke during Public Comment.

PUBLIC HEARING LDO TEXT AMENDMENT TA.24.01 ARTICLE 7.4.3(A)(4) ACCESSORY DWELLING UNITS (ADUS), TO REMOVE THE MINIMUM SIZE FOR ADUS

A Public Hearing was held for Land Development Ordinance (LDO) Text Amendment TA.24.01 to *Article 7.4.3(A)(4) Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs*), to remove the minimum size for ADUs

Planning Director Ganser explained that Town staff requested an amendment to the Land Development Ordinance, Article 7.4.3(A)(4) Accessory Uses and Structures, to remove the minimum size for accessory dwelling units. Legislation passed in 2019 restricts the ability of local governments to regulate the minimum sizes for anything that meets the residential building code. A maximum size can still be regulated and enforced.

Mayor Jordon opened the Public Hearing.

Cecil Hudgins 104 E. G Street – Asked to elaborate on what constituted an accessory dwelling.

Theresa Hobson 606 21st Street – Asked if a mobile home could be considered an accessory dwelling.

PD Ganser further explained that an accessory dwelling is a dwelling (residential) unit and must be smaller than the primary home. It cannot be used for business. As far as a mobile home considered an accessory dwelling, she was uncertain and that it may depend upon the zoning.

Later in the meeting, after being asked to further confirm the option of a mobile home as an accessory dwelling, Town Manager McMillen read the Land Development Ordinance where it forbid the use of mobile homes, among other types of trailers as accessory dwellings.

No one else from the Public wished to speak.

Mayor Jordon closed the Public Hearing.

LDO TA.24.01 <u>ADOPTED CONSISTENCY STATEMENT</u> <u>APPROVED LDO TEXT AMENDMENT</u> <u>ARTICLE 7.4.3(A)(4) ACCESSORY DWELLING UNITS (ADUS), TO REMOVE THE MINIMUM</u> <u>SIZE FOR ADUS</u>

Following Council questions, PD Ganser explained that an accessory dwelling is separate and detached from the primary residents and is smaller. It cannot exceed 50% of the gross habitable floor area of the principal structure. She also clarified that a "Tiny House" could be considered an accessory dwelling or it could be placed on a piece of property by itself.

PD Ganser identified the items relevant to adopting a consistency statement.

The Ordinance Administrator recommended approval of TA 24.01 to the LDO Article 7.4.3(A)(4) Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs), to remove the minimum size for ADUs as presented. The Planning Board recommended the same.

COUNCILMEMBER CHEEK MADE A MOTION, SECONDED BY COUNCILMEMBER SHANK, TO ADOPT A CONSISTENCY STATEMENT RELATIVE TO THE TOWN OF BUTNER 2040 PLAN'S GOALS AN OBJECTIVES AND RELATIVE TO PUBLIC INTEREST; AND TO APPROVE THE LDO TEXT AMENDMENT TA.24.01 ARTICLE 7.4.3(A)(4) ACCESSORY DWELLING UNITS AS PRESENTED, EFFECTIVE UPON ADOPTION. ALL VOTES WERE IN THE AFFIRMATIVE. **THE MOTION CARRIED**.

ADOPTED CONSISTENCY STATEMENT

Written Plan Consistency Statement: The Town of Butner 2040 Comprehensive Land Use Plan has an objective that The Town will maintain and strengthen its relationships with the County, neighboring municipalities, and the State and Federal agencies that call Butner home to ensure that growth and development are adequately coordinated, and opportunities for partnerships are realized as they become available. Making the Land Development more consistent with state legislation will help maintain relationships with State agencies.

ADOPTED AMENDMENT

7.4.3(A)(4) The accessory dwelling unit shall be at least 300 square feet in size, but shall not exceed 50% of the gross habitable floor area of the principal structure.

PUBLIC HEARING LDO TEXT AMENDMENT TA.24.02 ARTICLE 5 NONCONFORMITIES, NONCONFORMING USES AND STRUCTURES

A public hearing was held for Land Development Ordinance (LDO) Text Amendment TA.24.02 to *Article 5 Nonconformities*, to the provisions on nonconforming uses and structures.

PD Ganser explained that Town staff requested an amendment to the Land Development Ordinance (LDO) Article 5, to amend the provisions on nonconforming uses and structures. When a nonconforming structure is damaged a distinction is made if the damage is more or less than 50% of the value. If the damage is over 50% of the value, the structure needs to be brought into compliance with current Code. If the damage is less than 50% of the value, the structure can be rebuilt as is. During a staff review, two edits were identified. Currently Butner allows 6 months to obtain a building permit and we are recommending a change to one year. Staff would like to allow extra time for a business or property owner to go through their insurance and find an appropriate contractor for repair work. Next, staff recommends deleting the provision that work shall be completed within one year of obtaining a building permit. Granvile County, not Butner, issues building permits. The County allows for building permits to be extended if the applicant is progressing on their project and receiving the required inspections. There is not a time limit to finish a project.

Mayor Jordon opened the public hearing.

No one from the Public wished to speak.

Mayor Jordon closed the Public Hearing.

<u>LDO TA.24.02</u> <u>ADOPTED CONSISTENCY STATEMENT</u> <u>APPROVED LDO TEXT AMENDMENT</u> ARTICLE 5 NONCONFORMITIES, NONCONFORMING USES AND STRUCTURES

PD Ganser identified the items relevant to adopting a consistency statement.

The Ordinance Administrator recommended approval of TA.24.02 to the LDO *Article 5 Nonconformities* as presented. The Planning Board recommended the same.

COUNCILMEMBER LANE MADE A MOTION, SECONDED BY COUNCILMEMBER SOSA, TO ADOPT A CONSISTENCY STATEMENT RELATIVE TO THE TOWN OF BUTNER 2040 PLAN'S GOALS AN OBJECTIVES AND RELATIVE TO PUBLIC INTEREST; AND TO APPROVE THE LDO TEXT AMENDMENT TA.24.02 ARTICLE 5 NONCONFORMITIES AS PRESENTED, EFFECTIVE UPON ADOPTION. ALL VOTES WERE IN THE AFFIRMATIVE. **THE MOTION CARRIED**.

ADOPTED CONSISTENCY STATEMENT

Written Plan Consistency Statement: The Town of Butner 2040 Comprehensive Land Use Plan notes

- The Town will maintain and strengthen its relationships with the County, neighboring municipalities, and the State and Federal agencies that call Butner home to ensure that growth and development are adequately coordinated, and opportunities for partnerships are realized as they become available.
- Future development to occur in a manner which makes the most efficient use of the Town's land resources by utilizing design techniques which produce compact, interconnected, and complementary residential neighborhoods, commercial areas, employment centers and civic facilities.
- Conduct a review of the Land Development Ordinance to incorporate any changes identified in the plan review process.

ADOPTED AMENDMENTS:

Below are adopted amendments to Article 5: Nonconformities. Additions are in **bold underline** and deletions are in strikethrough.

§ 5.2 NONCONFORMING USES.

5.2.6 Reconstruction after casualty damage.

(B) Damage of 50% or less of value.

(1) In the event a structure housing a nonconforming use is damaged, by any means, to an extent of 50% or less of its structural replacement cost at the time of damage, it may be repaired to its previous form, and the nonconforming use reestablished, if a building permit for such repair or restoration is obtained within 180-365 days of the casualty damage, and the repair or restoration is completed within one year of obtaining the building permit.

(2) In no case shall a different nonconforming use be established in the place of the nonconforming use that was housed in the structure at the time of casualty damage.

§ 5.3 NONCONFORMING STRUCTURES.

5.3.4 Reconstruction after casualty damage.

(B) Damage of 50% or less of value.

(1) In the event a nonconforming structure is damaged, by any means, to an extent of 50% or less of its structural replacement cost at the time of damage or destruction, it may be rebuilt to its previous form if a building permit for such repair or restoration is obtained within 180.365 days of the casualty damage, and repair or restoration is completed within one year of obtaining the building permit.

(2) In no event shall the repair or restoration increase the degree of nonconformity.

§ 5.7 NONCONFORMING RELIGIOUS AND CIVIC INSTITUTIONAL USES IN THE HIGHWAY BUSINESS, LIGHT INDUSTRIAL, OR HEAVY INDUSTRIAL ZONING DISTRICTS.

5.7.8 Reconstruction or restoration after casualty damage. In the event a structure housing a nonconforming religious or civic institutional use in the HB, LI, or HI Zoning Districts is damaged or destroyed by any means, the nonconforming use may be reestablished provided a building permit for such repair or restoration is obtained within one year of the damage or destruction, and repair or restoration is completed within one year of obtaining the building permit.

FEBRUARY 2024 FINANCE REPORT & ACCEPTANCE

Finance Director Ung presented the February 2024 Financial Report. Revenues and collections are on target. Sales Tax revenues are typically 3 months behind. The budget for the 600 Central Ave. Property is over due to HVAC expenses. Adjustments to this budget will be made at year-end if necessary.

COUNCILMEMBER DANIELS MADE A MOTION, SECONDED BY MPT BRANCH, TO ACCEPT THE FEBRUARY 2024 FINANCIAL REPORT AS PRESENTED. ALL VOTES WERE IN THE AFFIRMATIVE. **THE MOTION CARRIED**.

FEBRUARY 2024 Financ	ial Report	Gen	eral Fund	<u>Stormwa</u>	ter Fund
67% of FY Complete					
REVENUES					
YTD		\$	6,258,181	\$	463,374
YTD Percent of Bud	dget				
		5	3.13%	67.4	3%
EXPENSES					
YTD		\$	6,940,284	\$	138,139
Budget		\$	11,779,653	\$	687,197
YTD Percent of Bud	dget				
		5	8.92%	20.1	0%
FEBRUARY 2024 Total Cas	h & Investm	ents To	wn-Wide – A	ll Funds	
General Fund \$12,763,952	Other Funds \$3,470,242		Total \$16,234,194		

ADOPTED MISSION, VISION & VALUES UPDATES

HR/Admin Director Davis presented updates to the Mission, Vision, Values & Statements. During the January 30 Strategic Planning Retreat, Council reviewed our current statements, which were adopted in 2022, and recommended updates. The statements will help guide the Council and staff when determining future projects and goals.

COUNCILMEMBER LANE MADE A MOTION, SECONDED BY COUNCILMEMBER DANIELS, TO ADOPT THE UPDATED MISSION, VISION, VALUES STATEMENTS AS PRESENTED. ALL VOTES WERE IN THE AFFIRMATIVE. **THE MOTION CARRIED.**

MISSION, VISION VALUES UPDATE – APRIL 4, 2024

MISSION: The Town of Butner is an evolving community of diverse culture and history. We provide a helpful, supportive environment through our services to the public which will benefit our citizens in a community of leisure living, economic growth, and well-being.

VISION: As a thriving town, we want to encourage a collaborative community using our small-town charm, diverse cultures, and rich history to strengthen our economic viability and livability.

VALUES: 1) Ethical 2) Collaborative 3) Inclusive and Equitable 4) Accountable and 5) Advancing

TOWN MANAGER MONTHLY REPORT

TM McMillen reviewed the following report. Construction bids for the Performance Stage have been advertised with bid opening on April 29 @ 2 PM. A lightning strike to the lights at the BAP Field #2 have been repaired. Following up on a Budget Workshop question, the State pays stormwater fees on the old John Umstead Hospital site. McMillen had a good meeting with the new Granville County Economic Development Director Ed Stallings. He will attend an upcoming Council meeting.

Budget Update and Finance Software Now Live – Budget work and implementation of the new finance software have been top priorities this month. Staff has spent considerable time compiling and adjusting the budget, preparing work session materials and highlights for communicating budget changes. Council input during the retreat and recent

work session have been helpful as we work towards a recommended budget to be presented at your May meeting. Finance staff went live with the financial portion of the new software the week of March 18th. Finance staff will remain working two parallel systems while moving toward the payroll module going live in April. Staff training is ongoing with the new software. *For Your Information*.

Performance Stage Update – This month staff reviewed the final specifications and plans for the performance stage. We are working toward an early April release date for bidding. Depending on bid timing, number of bids received and bid amounts we anticipate seeking council approval at your May or June meeting to award a contract. *For Your Information.*

On-Call Engineering – This month staff received statements of qualifications from engineering and architectural firms to work with the Town in an on-call capacity. A total of 19 proposals were received, and staff is reviewing submittals with anticipation of recommending multiple firms. Having firms in an on-call capacity will provide the Town with quick access to specialized expertise on an as-needed basis. For the coming year, we anticipate this being helpful for accessing the pavement condition of town streets, inspecting new road construction, evaluating a space conversion and parking lot expansion at the sports arena, studying potential soccer/multi-purpose field locations, in addition to future capital projects. *For Your Information*.

Ladder Truck Update – We have yet to receive the formal quote for the ladder truck fix. The truck was previously hauled to C.W. Williams in Rocky Mount to evaluate an issue with the radiator fan and radiator. We have received a preliminary quote of \$21,000 but are awaiting the formal quote before authorizing the work. Funds from contingency will be used for the fix. *For Your Information*.

Spring Litter Sweep – NCDOT's spring litter sweep is April 13-17, 2024. We encourage residents and groups to get out and cleanup along our roadways this month. The Butner Community Association (BCA) is holding a community cleanup on Saturday, April 20th. Interested community members are invited to Gazebo Park on the 20th at 8 AM to help with the cleanup efforts. We also have an employee roadside cleanup planned for May 3rd. *For Your Information*.

SGWASA Sewer Project Update – Town staff met with SGWASA to review plans for the upcoming sewer capacity upgrade project. SGWASA has scheduled an open house public information meeting for residents on April 17th from 4-7 PM at Town Hall. The latest schedule indicates work could begin in the early part of 2025 through mid-2028. Town roads will be impacted by the project. *For Your Information*.

Cedar Glade Preservation – This month we finalized transferring 1.07 acres off West B Street to the NC Department of Agriculture. The parcel is a part of the Butner Cedar Glade Plant Conservation Preserve and was approved for transfer to the state in 2018. The Town conveyed the 5.34-acre adjacent parcel to the state several years ago, but because of various factors it has taken time to complete this final piece. The Butner Cedar Glade was discovered in the 1980s and is an endangered plant species. The Town recognized the site in 2011 for its potential as an excellent Plant Conservation Preserve and in 2012 the Butner Cedar Glade became the newest Plant Conservation Preserve in North Carolina. More information on the Butner Cedar Glade is available on the Town's website: https://www.butnernc.org/parksrec/page/butner-cedar-glade. *For Your Information*.

PLANNING MONTHLY REPORT

PD Ganser reviewed the following report. She announced that there is an opening on the Planning Board for someone living in the ETJ. After consulting with Attorney Koinis, the 2 ETJ members do not have to be from different sides of the ETJ.

March Activity

- Received numerous responses for the on-call RFQ for professional services; staff is reviewing them
- Released Gate 2 Road Central Avenue Corridor Infrastructure Study RFQ on March 18; due April 22
- Attended NC Rural Summit Conference
- Spoke at Duke University, Institute for Urban Studies

- Spoke with Butner Public Safety about code enforcement
- Attended CAMPO's Blueprint for Safety Kickoff & Stakeholder Workshop
- Working on business list

Board of Adjustment / Planning Board

- Planning Board scheduled for April 11th
- Text amendment to Article 1, 3, and 17 to clean up our process sections (CodeWright)
- Text amendment to delegate the duties of the Board of Adjustment to the Planning Boards
- Update to the Planning Board Rules of Procedure

Code Enforcement

• Seven (7) open violations

2024 permits to date

• Eleven (11) zoning permits were issued in the month of March

Development Project Updates

The following are ongoing projects that are still being reviewed by the Planning Department or are incomplete: Altec Gen II Expansion, Cookout, SGWASA Village Court Lift Station, SGWASA E. Middleton Drive Lift Station, Meritage Homes American Hero. Creedmoor Fuel, Stream RV.

PUBLIC SAFETY MONTHLY REPORT

BPS Director Champion presented the following report.

FIRE SERVICES

Notable Fire Calls and Calls for Services since the last meeting Fire Incidents March February 28-March 25

	Fire Incidents
Fire Alarm Activations	16
Motor Vehicle Collisions	12
Cancelled Enroute/No incident	5
Outside trash or Brush Fire	5
Gas Leak/Odor of Gas	2
Mutual Aid	2
Vehicle Fire	1
Downed Powerline	1
Total Number of Incidents	42

Notable Events

On March 6, 2024 BPS responded to a Motor Vehicle Collision at the 186 mm Northbound. Two vehicles had been involved in a collision and there were two people who were entrapped. BPS along with the assistance of Creedmoor VFD extricated both victims who were transported by Granville EMS to the hospital.

POLICE SERVICES

Police Calls and Services for March 2024 (February 28-March 25) Police Calls and Services for March 2024

911 Hang Up Calls - 34

Animal Complaints -	1
Arrest -	28
Breaking and Entering	1
B & E Motor Vehicles -	3
Communicating Threats -	1
Disturbances -	13
DWI -	3
EMS Calls -	23
Juvenile Complaints -	2
Larcenies -	9
Larceny of Motor Vehicles	2
Traffic Stops -	222
Citations issued -	73
Traffic Check Points-	7
Vehicle Crashes"10-50's" -	26
Ride Along -	2
Robbery -	0
Property Checks-	215
Operations Reports Code#5-	374
Calls Resolved without Reports-	538
1	

Notable Incidents

On 3/06/24, PSO Creech arrested a male subject for carrying a concealed firearm, going armed to the terror of the public, and possession of marijuana. The subject was issued a \$3,000 secured bond. An AR pistol was seized.

On 3/11/24, PSO Creech arrested a male driver from Durham for carrying a concealed handgun, alter/removing a firearm serial number, and possession of schedule VI. The subject was issued a \$22,500 secured bond. A 9mm Ghost gun was seized.

On 3/21/24, PSO Coeburn arrested a male subject from Creedmoor for possession of Heroin, Methamphetamine, and Marijuana. He was issued no bond.

On 3/24/24. PSO Creech arrested a female driver from Creedmoor for possession of marijuana with the intent to sell/distribute, maintaining a vehicle for selling a controlled substance. She was issued a \$14,000 secured bond.

Chief's Notes

Butner Public Safety is hosting a Driver Operator certification class from February through April at the BPS Training Center. The course covers a total of over 130 hours and BPS has four employees that are attending the entire series and others taking specific parts. This class is also open to other fire departments as well.

Training hours overview- From February 28-March 26 Butner Public Safety employees participated in 362 hours of fire training and 80 hours of law enforcement training. This includes all training that is attended by Public Safety Officers, Firefighters, Telecommunicators, and civilian personnel.

MAYOR COMMENTS

Mayor Jordon attended and participated in the following activities in March: Rise Against Hunger with Granville County School students, grand opening of Sweet Magnolia Nails & More, Chamber Banquet, Altec tour, Easter Egg Hunt, Butner-Stem Elementary Green House/Grocery program, and spoke at the on-line National Neighbors On Call event.

As a member of the SGWASA Board, she reported that they are getting a summer intern through a grant.

COUNCIL COMMENTS

In general, Councilmembers toured Altec and spoke highly of this Butner industry.

Councilmember Cheek attended the Chamber Banquet, Butner-Stem Elementary Green House/Grocery program and Open House for Granville Greenway route from Oxford to Clarksville. As a representative on the Beautification Committee, she reported that Vickie Smoak spoke with Finance Director Ung about ordering items for Christmas & Town Beautification. Cheek asked members to think about something that could be placed outside the door in front of Town Hall. She also asked if a logo could be placed on the back of the Central Ave. Welcome to Butner Sign.

MPT Branch attended the Chamber Banquet and Easter Egg Hunt (this is his last year as the start referee). He will again be a judge for the Memorial Day Essay Contest. He thanked the Parks and Rec. Committee for their time and commitment and he enjoyed serving with them. BCA is working on the Butner Summer Festival and will meet on April 18 at 7 PM. To volunteer or for more information contact President Mike McFadden or visit BCAserves.org.

Councilmember Lane – Reported that Cultural Resources - State Archives will be visiting the Camp Butner Museum and providing guidance on archiving and preserving their items. The visit is through a grant thanks to Victoria Whited. The Museum also has the original portrait of General Butner and uniforms. Lane also reported that the West Lyon's station road project is moving forward.

Councilmember Daniels attended the Butner-Stem Elementary Green House/Grocery program. As the UNRBA representative, she reported that they are working hard to provide goals to present to the public for the Falls Lake Watershed and working on a Water Quality Protection Plan. As a SGWASA representative, Daniels reported that they received \$5 million for a PFAS Piolet Testing Program. In addition, she remined the public that they can discuss their County property reassessments at the Expo Center on April 15.

Councilmember Shank appreciated the Altec tour and would like the opportunity to tour and connect with other local businesses and industries. He appreciated the Budget Retreats, noted that we are headed in the right direction. Shank pointed out that this is the first CIP for the Town. It will be beneficial for future planning. He thanked staff for putting together a great budget. He recognized the Parks and Rec. Committee for all their time and work. He enjoyed the Easter Egg Hunt. The Military Holiday Committee meets Monday April 8 @ 7 PM. They are looking for volunteers.

Councilmember Sosa has been reaching out to people in the community. He attended the Easter Egg Hunt and received positive response. He commended the Parks and Rec. Committee for their work. He attended a human trafficking program that included law enforcement from multiple jurisdictions. He is working with Faith Christian Academy to organize sports for their school. Sosa is working with SGAA and Granville County Schools to resolve a ball field problem. He attended a program at the Butner-Stem Middle School about our history and the Civil Rights Movement which was very informative. Sosa participated in a cleanup of trailers in Butner, collecting and disposing of trash and household items.

CLOSED SESSION

AT APPROXIMATELY 7:50 PM, COUNCILMEMBER LANE MADE A MOTION, SECONDED BY MPT BRANCH, TO GO INTO CLOSED SESSION ACCORDING TO N.C.G.S. 143-318.11(A)(5) REGARDING PROPERTY ACQUISITION, N.C.G.S. 143-318.11(A)(6) TO DISCUSS A PERSONNEL MATTER, AND TO CONSIDER APPROVING THE MEETING MINUTES OF DECEMBER 7, 2023, JANUARY 16, 2024, AND MARCH 13, 2024. ALL VOTES WERE IN THE AFFIRMATIVE. **THE MOTION CARRIED.** A BRIEF RECESS WAS TAKEN.

RETURN TO OPEN SESSION

AT APPROXIMATELY 8:10 PM, COUNCILMEMBER CHEEK MADE A MOTION, SECONDED BY COUNCILMEMBER SOSA, TO RETURN TO OPEN SESSION. ALL VOTES WERE IN THE AFFIRMATIVE. **THE MOTION CARRIED**.

PAY INCREASE APPROVED FOR TOWN MANAGER

COUNCILMEMBER CHEEK MADE A MOTION, SECONDED BY MPT BRANCH, TO GIVE TOWN MANAGER MCMILLEN A 2.75% SALARY INCREASE, EFFECTIVE MAY 1, 2024. ALL VOTES WERE IN THE AFFIRMATIVE. **THE MOTION CARRIED**.

ADJOURNMENT

WITH THERE BEING NO FURTHER BUSINESS, AT APPROXIMATELY 8:10 PM, COUNCILMEMBER CHEEK MADE A MOTION, SECONDED COUNCILMEMBER SOSA, TO ADJOURN. ALL VOTES WERE IN THE AFFIRMATIVE. **THE MOTION CARRIED**.

Minutes prepared by Barbara J. Rote, MMC, NCCMC Town Clerk

ATTEST:

Dr. Linda R. Jordon, Mayor

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 16, 2024 – 3:00 P.M. SPECIAL MEETING – BUDGET WORKSHOP BUTNER TOWN COUNCIL CAMP BUTNER MEETING ROOM – TOWN HALL

The Butner Town Council met in a Special Meeting for the purpose of working on the FY 24-25 Town Budget at the above-mentioned time and place. All members of the Council and local news media were notified of the same.

Council Present: Mayor Dr. Linda Jordon, Mayor Pro Tem and Finance Committee Chair Michel Branch, Councilmembers, Judy Cheek (Finance Committee Member), Vicky Daniels, Tom Lane (Finance Committee Member), Josh Shank and Ed Sosa. Also present: Town Manager Jordan McMillen, Finance Director Hak Ung, BPS Director James Champion, Planning Director Jennifer Ganser, and Town Clerk Barbara Rote.

OPENING

Finance Committee Chair Branch called the meeting to order.

This was the third meeting to discuss the FY 24-25 budget and a follow-up to the April 2, 2024 Budget Workshop. Town Manager McMillen and Finance Director Ung led the presentation and discussion.

Copies of the detailed presentations were distributed to Council. Below is a summary.

REVALUATION AND REVENUE NEUTRAL

The Granville County Tax Office Estimates that Butner's overall tax values will increase from \$708 Million to \$1.1 Billion. The Town Manager and Finance Director anticipate the revenue neutral rate to be closer to 27 cents.

The impact of the tax rate on an average home (\$250,000)

At 27 cent rate = \$675/year – keeps taxes the same

At 32 cent rate = \$800/year

At 40 cent rate = \$1,000/year – increases taxes by \$325/year

At current 42.5 cent rate = \$1,063/year – increases taxes by \$388/year

BUDGET SCENARIO

Revenue Neutral Tax Rate Calculation					
(1)	FY 2024 Tax Value	\$	707,939,797		
(2)	FY 2024 Tax Rate		0.4250		
(3)	Tax Revenue Yield	\$	3,008,744		
(4)	FY 2025 Tax Value	\$ 1	1,136,452,707		
(5)	New Tax Rate Before Growth		0.265		
(6)	Growth Factor		2.14%		
(7)	Revenue Neutral Tax Rate		0.270		

POTENTIAL AFTER APPEALS

Revenue Neutral Tax Rate Calculation					
(1)	FY 2024 Tax Value	\$	707,939,797		
(2)	FY 2024 Tax Rate		0.4250		
(3)	Tax Revenue Yield	\$	3,008,744		
(4)	FY 2025 Tax Value	\$	950,000,000		
(5)	New Tax Rate Before Growth		0.317		
(6)	Growth Factor		2.14%		
(7)	Revenue Neutral Tax Rate		0.323		

STATUS OF FY25 BUDGET

- Changes Since Last Work Session
 - Updated salaries and adjusted health/dental insurance. health insurance originally budgeted 10% increase, renewal came in at 7% negotiated to 0%. We saved \$50,000. Dental will increase 3%.
 - Adjusted revenues based on NCLM projections.
- Current Version
 - Total budget = \$10,823,138; Balanced with no fund balance being used.
 - Council reviewed revenues and expenditures at last work session.
 - Includes \$500,000 for Gateway study/design and proposed tax rate of 40 cents to provide one-time capital items while preparing for future loss of \$500,000/year from SGWASA. No additional expenditures were added.

TAX RATE DISCUSSION - 40 OR 42.5 CENTS 40 CENT TAX RATE DECIDED

COMPARABLE TAX RATES

Government	Current Rate	Possible Revenue Neutral	Proposed New Rate
Granville	84 cents	52 cents	Lower
Oxford	64 cents	38 cents	Same
Creedmoor	61.5 cents	36 cents	Lower: 40/ 42.5 cents
Butner	42.5 cents	27 cents	Lower: 40 cents
Stovall	49 cents	Unknown	Unknown
Stem	45 cents	Unknown	Unknown

Additional Points:

- Town Manager and Finance Director recommended a 40 cent tax rate.
- 40 cent rate should be good for 2-3 years without raising taxes.
- Advantages of keeping tax rate at 42.5 Cents generates an additional \$281,589/year.
- Some increase in households in the next 2 years, a bigger increase in about 5 years with the completion of the SGWASA project. Will increase tax base.
- \$500,000 for gateway project over the next two years can be applied to loss of SGWASA revenue beginning in the third year.

Council discussed pros and cons of the 40 cent tax rate versus our current 42.5 cent rate and agreed to lower the tax rate from 42.5 cents to 40 cents. This is above revenue neutral but below the current rate. It allows the budget to be balanced without the use of Fund Balance. TM McMillen will prepare his budget presentation for the May 2, Regular Council Meeting using the 40 cent tax rate.

ADJOURN: The Meeting Adjourned at 3:45 PM

Minutes prepared by Barbara J. Rote, MMC, NCCMC Town Clerk

ATTEST:

Dr. Linda Jordon, Mayor

ATTACHMENT 6



PROCLAMATION NATIONAL DAY OF PRAYER May 2, 2024

WHEREAS, The National Day of Prayer tradition predates the founding of the United States of America, evidenced by the Continental Congress' proclamation in 1775 setting aside a day of prayer.

WHEREAS, in 1952, Congress established an annual day of prayer and, in 1988, that law was amended, designating the National Day of Prayer as the first Thursday in May.

WHEREAS, leaders of our Nation have relied upon the power of prayer throughout American history; and

WHEREAS, the theme for this year's National Day of Prayer is "Lift Up the Word, Light Up the World," based on the verses found in 2 Samuel 22:29-31, "For you are my lamp, O Lord, and my God lightens my darkness This God—his way is perfect; the word of the Lord proves true; he is a shield for all those who take refuge in him."

NOW THEREFORE, I, Dr. Linda R. Jordon, Mayor of the Town of Butner, along with the Butner Town Council do hereby proclaim Thursday, May 2, 2024, as a "**DAY OF PRAYER**" in Butner and urge our citizens to join together in their homes, places of work and places of worship, to pray for the unity of the hearts of all mankind, and to continue in prayer for our State and our Nation.

This 2nd day of May, 2024

Dr. Linda R. Jordon, Mayor



Proclamation National Cities, Towns and Villages Month Celebration of National League of Cities 100th Anniversary

Whereas, the National League of Cities was founded in 1924 in Lawrence, Kansas, as the American Municipal Association by state municipal leagues seeking more coordination and national representation as cities, towns, and villages expanded rapidly;

Whereas, the nonpartisan National League of Cities is the oldest and largest organization representing municipal governments throughout the United States, representing the interests of more than 19,000 cities, towns, and villages across the country;

Whereas today, the National League of Cities works in partnership with 49 state municipal leagues across the country to strengthen local leadership, drive innovation, and influence the federal policies that impact local programs and operations;

Whereas, as the voice of cities, towns, and villages in Washington, DC, the National League of Cities has successfully championed federal legislative solutions that support municipalities and has worked closely with Congress and the Executive Branch to educate policymakers on the realities of local implementation;

Whereas, local governments are the bedrock of American democracy, providing 336 million residents with the most accountable, responsive, inclusive, ethical, and transparent government in the world;

Whereas, from the nation's smallest villages to its largest cities, America's local governments have been essential in transforming the United States of America into the greatest, most influential nation in world history;

Whereas, The Town of Butner was first incorporated in **2007** and is proudly served today by Mayor Dr. Linda Jordon, Mayor Pro Tempore Michel Branch, Councilmembers Judy Cheek, Vicky Daniels, Tom Lane, Josh Shank and Ed Sosa, and a municipal workforce of 63 dedicated public servants;

Now, therefore, be it resolved that the Town of Butner hereby proclaims May 2024 as **National Cities, Towns, and Villages Month** in celebration of America's local governments and the National League of Cities' historic centennial anniversary.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of Butner NC, to be affixed this the 2nd Day of May 2024.

Dr. Linda R. Jordon, Mayor

ATTACHMENT 8



STAFF REPORT FOR A.24.03

PUBLIC HEARING DATE: May 2, 2024

SUBJECT: Revisions to Article 1, 3, and 17

FROM: Jennifer Ganser, AICP, Planning Director

SUMMARY:

Staff is working with CodeWright Planners to complete text amendments to Articles 1, 3, and 17 of the Land Development Ordinance. These edits are mostly to assist staff as we process zoning cases that may come before the Planning Board and Town Council. Many edits are for clarity and clean up.

BACKGROUND:

The Town Council authorized staff to enter into an agreement with CodeWright Planners in January 2024. CodeWright Planners are a consulting firm assisting Town staff with general planning questions, text amendments, and future Planning Board training.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS:

A redline copy is attached to this memo.

LAND DEVELOPMENT ORDINANCE TEXT AMENDMENT STANDARDS:

In determining whether to approve or deny a proposed amendment, the following factors shall be considered:

1. Whether the proposed amendment is consistent with the Land Use Plan and any other relevant plans;

The proposed amendment is consistent with the 2040 Land Use Plan.

2. Whether the proposed amendment addresses a demonstrated community need;

Butner staff has presented text amendments to the Planning Board and Town Council in the past. Recent text amendments include updates to food trucks, accessory dwelling units, and non-conformities. These proposed text amendments will assist staff and provide additional clarity.

3. Whether the proposed amendment is in conflict with any other provision of this Ordinance or other related Town regulations;

The proposed amendment is not in conflict with any other provisions of the Town. The proposed text amendment was reviewed by the Town Attorney.

Staff Report A.24.03 Page 1 of 2

4. Whether the proposed amendment is consistent with the purpose of the zoning districts in this Ordinance, or will improve compatibility among uses and will ensure efficient development in the Town; and,

The amendment is consistent with the current plans and ordinances of the Town.

5. Whether the proposed amendment would result in significantly adverse impacts on the natural environment.

No adverse impacts on the natural environment are anticipated from this request.

LAND USE PLAN:

The proposed amendment is consistent with the Town's goals.

- Update the Land Development Ordinance to incorporate the vision and goals set forth in the Comprehensive Land Use Plan.
- Conduct a review of the Land Development Ordinance to incorporate any changes identified in the plan review process.

ORDINANCE ADMINISTRATOR RECOMMENDATION

The Ordinance Administrator recommends APPROVAL of this request.

PLANNING BOARD RECOMMENDATION

On April 11, 2024 the Town of Butner Planning Board recommended APPROVAL of this request.

LEGAL NOTICE

Butner-Creedmoor News ran a legal notice for a public hearing in the April 19, 2024 and April 26, 2024 editions of the newspaper.



Butner Town Council Consistency Statement Regarding Text Amendment A.24.03

Written Plan Consistency Statement: The Town of Butner 2040 Comprehensive Land Use Plan notes:

- Update the Land Development Ordinance to incorporate the vision and goals set forth in the Comprehensive Land Use Plan.
- Conduct a review of the Land Development Ordinance to incorporate any changes identified in the plan review process.

BUTNER, NORTH CAROLINA LAND DEVELOPMENT ORDINANCE

2023 S-4 Supplement contains: Local legislation current through Ord. TA.23.08, passed 12-7-2023; and State legislation current through 2022 North Carolina Legislative Service, Pamphlet #3

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LAND DEVELOPMENT ORDINANCE

Article

- 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS
- 2. ADMINISTRATION
- 3. REVIEW AND APPROVAL PROCEDURES
- 4. ENFORCEMENT
- 5. NONCONFORMITIES
- 6. ZONING
- 7. USE STANDARDS
- 8. GENERAL DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS
- 9. LANDSCAPING STANDARDS
- 10. BUFFERING STANDARDS
- 11. TREE PRESERVATION AND PROTECTION
- 12. SIGN REGULATIONS
- 13. OFF-STREET PARKING, LOADING, AND STACKING REQUIREMENTS
- 14. SUBDIVISION STANDARDS
- 15. WATERSHED PROTECTION
- 16. FLOOD DAMAGE PREVENTION
- 17. DEFINITIONS

APPENDICES

PARALLEL REFERENCES

Section

- 1.1 Title
- 1.2 Authority
- 1.3 Effective date
- 1.4 Applicability and jurisdiction
- 1.5 Purpose and intent
- 1.6 General rules of interpretation
- 1.7 Conflicting provisions
- 1.8 Official zoning map
- 1.9 Transitional provisions
- 1.10 Severability
- 1.11 Vested rights

§ 1.1 TITLE.

This document shall officially be known as the "Land Development Ordinance of the Town of Butner, North Carolina" and may be referred to throughout the document as the "LDO" or the "ordinance".

§ 1.2 AUTHORITY.

This ordinance consolidates the town's land use regulatory authority as authorized by the state's general statutes, and is adopted pursuant to the authority granted to the town by G.S. Ch. 160A, Art. 8, G.S. Ch. 160D, and any special legislation enacted for the town by the state's General Assembly.

(Ord. A.21.01, passed 6-3-2021)

§ 1.3 EFFECTIVE DATE.

This ordinance shall become effective on October 1, 2008.

§ 1.4 APPLICABILITY AND JURISDICTION.

1.4.1 *General applicability.* The provisions of this ordinance shall apply to the use and development of all land within the corporate limits of the town and its Extraterritorial Jurisdiction (ETJ) unless such use or development is expressly exempted by a specific section or division of this ordinance.

1.4.2 *Application to government units.* Except as stated herein, the provisions of this ordinance shall apply to:

- (A) Development and use of land owned by the town;
- (B) Development and use of land by public colleges or universities;

Article 4, Enforcement. The adoption of this ordinance does not affect nor prevent any pending or future action to abate violations of previous ordinances.

(Ord. A.21.01, passed 6-3-2021)

§ 1.10 SEVERABILITY.

Should any article, section, division, phrase, or word of this ordinance be held invalid or unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction of either the state or the United States, such decision does not affect, impair, or invalidate the validity of the remaining parts of this ordinance which can be given effect without the invalid provision.

1.11 VESTED RIGHTS.

1.11.1 *Purpose and intent.* This section is intended to implement NCGS§160D-108 with respect to the establishment of zoning vested rights for landowners or applicants who have received a development approval from the town.

1.11.2 Vested rights defined. As used in this Ordinance, a zoning vested right is defined as the right to undertake and complete the development and use of land under the terms and conditions of a development approval issued by the town.

1.11.3 Effect of a vested right.

A. Development approvals that have an established vested right in accordance with NCGS§160D-108 and this section shall preclude any action by the town that would change, alter, impair, prevent, diminish, or otherwise delay the development or use of the property authorized by the development approval, except where a change in State or federal law occurs and has a retroactive effect on the development or use.

B. Except when subject to sub-section (C) below, amendments to this Ordinance shall not be applicable to any of the following development approvals after they are vested:

1. Building or uses of land for which a development permit application has been submitted and approved in accordance with this Ordinance and NCGS§143-755;

2. Subdivisions of land for which a subdivision application has been submitted and approved in accordance with this Ordinance and NCGS§143-755;

3. A site-specific vesting plan approved in accordance with this Ordinance and NCGS§160D-108.1;

4. A multi-phase development approved in accordance with this Ordinance and NCGS§160D-108; and

5. A vested right established by the terms of an approved development agreement in accordance with this Ordinance and Article 10 of Chapter 160D of the North Carolina General Statutes.

C. Amendments to this Ordinance shall apply to vested development approvals if:

1. A change to State or federal law occurs and has a retroactive effect on the development or use;

2. There is written consent to be subject to the amendment by the landowner;

3. The development approval expires; or

4. The development is not undertaken or completed in accordance with the approval.

1.11.4 Establishment of a vested right. A vested right may only be established following an approval of a development application in accordance with this section and the applicable requirements in the North Carolina General Statutes. The following sub-sections detail the ways in which a vested right may be established.

A. Common law vested rights.

1. Defined. A common law vested right establishes the right to undertake and complete the development and use of property on substantial expenditures in good faith reliance on a valid governmental approval. Such approvals include, but are not limited to:

a. Zoning permits;

b. Sign permits;

c. Building permits;

d. Special use permits; and

e. Subdivision preliminary plats.

2. Application. The applicant shall provide satisfactory proof that each of the following standards are met in order to establish a common law vested right:

a. The applicant has, prior to the adoption or amendment of an ordinance, made substantial expenditures of time, effort, or money on a proposed development; and

b. The obligations and/or expenditures were incurred in good faith; and

c. The obligations and/or expenditures were made in reasonable reliance on and after the issuance of a valid governmental permit, if such permit is required provided however, a mistakenlyissued governmental permit shall not give rise to a common law vested right; and

d. The amended or newly adopted ordinance is a substantial detriment to the applicant.

B. *Issuance of a building permit.* Issuance of a building permit by the County in accordance with the applicable standards in this Ordinance and applicable State law shall entitle the building permit holder to vested rights to develop the proposal as identified in the approved building permit, subject to the following standards:

1. The applicant shall not be required to file for a determination to establish common law vested rights or maintain vested status during the time period for which the building permit remains valid.

2. The owner has a vested right only as long as the building permit remains valid and only for the work approved by the building permit.

3. A building permit may expire in accordance with the applicable Granville County or North Carolina General Statute provisions.

4. The building permit may be revoked for any substantial departure from the approved plans, failure to comply with any applicable local or State law, and any misrepresentations made in securing the permit.

5. Building permits mistakenly issued may be revoked.

6. If the building permit expires or is revoked, the vested right based on it is also lost.

C. Statutory vested rights. Development permits for a building, use of a building, use of land, or subdivision of land establishes statutory vested rights, which shall entitle the permit holder to vested rights to develop the proposal as identified in the approved permit, subject to the following standards:

1. Issuance of a building permit is not considered a development permit, and the vesting term shall only continue in accordance with the provisions in NCGS§160D-801.

2. A development permit is valid for one year after issuance, unless otherwise specified by statute, and the applicant is vested in that permit for the term of validity.

3. If the applicant fails to substantially commence authorized work within one year, then the development permit and vesting expire.

4. Vesting shall continue provided there is a substantial commencement of authorized work under a valid development permit.

5. The development permit and vesting shall expire after substantial work commences if there is a two-year period of intentional and voluntary discontinuance of work unless otherwise specified by statute.

D. Site-specific vesting plan.

1. Defined.

a. For the purposes of this section, a site-specific vesting plan is defined as a plan submitted to the town in which the applicant requests vesting, describing with reasonable certainty on the plan, the type and intensity of use for a specific parcel or parcels of property.

b. A site-specific vesting plan must provide, with reasonable certainty, all of the following:

i. The boundaries of the development;

ii. Topographic and natural features affecting the site;

iii. The approximate location of proposed buildings, structures, and other improvements;

iv. The approximate dimensions, including height, of proposed buildings and other structures;

v. The approximate location of all existing and proposed infrastructure on the site, including water, sewer, streets, and pedestrian ways;

vi. The type or types of proposed land uses; and

vii. The density or intensity of development.

c. A concept plan or any other document that fails to describe with reasonable certainty the type and intensity of use for a specific lot or lots of property shall not constitute a site-specific vesting plan.

d. The following development approvals constitute a site-specific vesting plan:

i. A concept plan associated with a conditional rezoning or the gateway districts;

ii. A preliminary plat;

iii. Site plans; and

ii. A preliminary plat;

iii. Site plans; and

iv. A concept plan associated with a special use permit.

2. Establishment.

a. Development approvals identified by this Ordinance as site-specific vesting plans shall be granted a vested right to develop for a maximum period of two years from the date of the approval, provided the applicant has requested, in writing, that a vested right is sought, and provided the development subject to the approval complies with all applicable terms and conditions.

b. In cases where a concept plan is associated with an approved conditional rezoning, the conditional zoning designation shall run with the land but the vesting status of the associated concept plan shall be in accordance with the standards for any other site-specific vesting plan.

3. Extension.

a. The two-year vesting duration of a site-specific vesting plan may be extended up to five years from the date of the approval only in accordance with division 3.2.14, Vested Rights Certificate.

b. Site-specific vesting plans meeting the definition of a multi-phase development shall be vested in accordance with division 1.11.4.E, Multi-phase development plan.

E. Multi-phase development plan.

1. A multi-phase development plan that occupies at least 25 acres of land area, is subject to a master plan that depicts the types and intensities of all uses as part of the approval and includes more than one phase shall be considered as a multi-phase development plan that is granted a vested right to develop for a period of seven years from the date of approval of the first site plan associated with the development.

2. Vesting shall commence upon approval of the site plan for the first phase of the development.

3. The vested right shall remain in effect provided the development does not expire and provided it complies with all the applicable terms and conditions of the approval.

F. Development agreement. A development agreement shall be vested in accordance with the vesting term identified in the development agreement.

G. Voluntary annexation.

1. Any petition for annexation filed with the town shall contain a signed statement from the applicant indicating if vested rights on the properties subject to the petition have been established in accordance with NCGS§160D-108.

2. A statement that declares that no zoning vested right has been established or the failure to provide a statement declaring whether vested rights have been established, shall result in a termination of any vested rights established prior to annexation.

1.11.5 Termination of a vested right.

A. Generally.

1. Vested rights established in accordance with this Ordinance shall run with the land.

2. In no instance shall vesting status extend beyond the maximum duration for the type of development application approval.

3. In no instance shall the vesting status of a development approval continue after the development approval expires or if the development approval is revoked for failure to comply with the terms of the approval or of this Ordinance.

4. In no instance shall the vesting status of a development approval continue after it is determined that the development approval was based upon intentional inaccurate information or material misrepresentations.

5. In no instance shall vested rights continue if the Town Council finds, after a duly noticed public hearing, that natural or man-made hazards resulting from the development would result in a serious threat to public health, safety, or welfare if the development were to be continued or completed.

6. In the event of commenced but uncompleted work associated with a development approval, vested rights shall expire within 24 months of the discontinuance of work. This 24-month period shall not include the time associated with work stoppage resulting from an appeal or litigation.

B. Limitations.

1. The establishment of a vested right does not preclude the town's application of overlay zoning district requirements or other development regulations that do not affect the type of land use, its density, or intensity.

2. A vested right shall not preclude the application of changes to building, fire, plumbing, electrical, or mechanical codes made after the development approval where a vested right was established.

(3) Includes information in sufficient detail to evaluate the application to determine whether it complies with the appropriate standards of this ordinance; and

(4) Is accompanied by the fee established for the particular type of application.

(B) *Incomplete applications.* If the application is determined to be incomplete, the Ordinance Administrator shall notify the applicant of the deficiencies within ten business days following submittal. Following notification, the applicant may correct the deficiencies and resubmit the application for review.

3.1.7 Permit choice.

(A) If a land development regulation is amended by the Town Council between the time a development permit application was <u>submitted_determined to be complete</u> and a development permit decision is made or if a land development regulation is amended after a development permit decision has been challenged and found to be wrongfully denied or illegal, the development permit applicant may choose which adopted version of the rule or ordinance will apply to the permit and use of the building, structure, or land indicated on the permit application in the manner established in G.S. § 143-755. In cases where an applicant has a choice as to which adopted version of the rule or ordinance shall apply, the applicant shall notify the Town, in writing, as to which adopted version of the rule or ordinance has been selected.

(B) If the development permit applicant chooses the version of the rule or ordinance applicable at the time of the permit application, the development permit applicant shall not be required to await the outcome of the amendment to the rule, map, or ordinance prior to acting on the development permit.

(C) If an applicable rule or ordinance is amended after the development permit is wrongfully denied or after an illegal condition is imposed, as determined in a proceeding challenging the permit denial or the condition imposed, the development permit applicant may choose which adopted version of the rule or ordinance will apply to the permit and use of the building, structure, or land indicated on the permit application. Provided, however, any provision of the development permit applicant's chosen version of the rule or ordinance that is determined to be illegal for any reason shall not be enforced upon the applicant without the written consent of the applicant.

(D) If a permit application is placed on hold at the request of the applicant for a period of six consecutive months or more, or the applicant fails to respond to comments or provide additional information reasonably requested by the local or state government for a period of six consecutive months or more, the application review shall be discontinued and the development regulations in effect at the time permit processing is resumed shall be applied to the application.

(E) *Multiple permits for development project*. Subject to G.S. § 160D-108(d), where multiple local development permits are required to complete a development project, the development permit applicant may choose the version of each of the local land development regulations applicable to the project upon submittal of the application for the initial development permit. This provision is applicable only for those subsequent development permit applications filed within 18 months of the date following the approval of an initial permit. For purposes of the vesting protections of this subsection, an erosion and sedimentation control permit or a sign permit is not an initial development permit.

3.1.8 *Final approval by the Ordinance Administrator.* When an application that is subject to final approval by the Ordinance Administrator is submitted and determined to be complete, he or she shall review the application and approve or deny it based on the standards set forth in the ordinance. Following his or her approval or denial of the application, the Ordinance Administrator shall notify the applicant of his or her decision within the time period set forth in the submission and review schedule.

3.1.9 *Preparation of staff report.* When an application which will be considered by a reviewing or decision-making body is submitted and determined to be complete, the Ordinance Administrator shall review the application and prepare a written staff report.

(A) The staff report shall be addressed to the reviewing or decision-making body as appropriate, and shall state whether the application complies with all appropriate standards of this ordinance and all other applicable policy documents.

(B) The Ordinance Administrator may include a recommendation for approval or denial of the application in the staff report. Proposed conditions of approval may also be included in the report to the extent, and in the manner, allowed by law and specified in this ordinance.

(C) A copy of the staff report shall be delivered to the applicant, and to the landowner(s), if different from the applicant prior to consideration by a decision-making body.

3.1.10 *Public hearings*. Legislative hearings will be scheduled for LDO text amendments, zoning map amendments, Conditional Zoning District classifications, and the establishment of vested rights. The Ordinance Administrator shall be responsible for scheduling public hearings for all applications for which one is required. The hearing may be scheduled for either a regular meeting or a special called meeting of the Town Council. Hearings shall be scheduled in a manner that will allow sufficient time for public notice to be given in accordance with statutory requirements.

3.1.11 Public notification of legislative decisions.

(A) *Content.* All public notices required under this ordinance shall comply with G.S. §§ 160D-601 and 160D-602. Additionally, all notices, except for posted notices shall:

(1) Identify the date, time, and location of the meeting or public hearing;

(2) Identify the property involved by the street address (if applicable) or by the legal description and/or parcel identification number (PIN);

- (3) Describe the nature and scope of the proposed action;
- (4) Indicate that interested parties may appear at public hearings and speak on the matter; and
- (5) Indicate how additional information on the matter can be obtained.

(B) *Published notice.* When the provisions of this ordinance require that notice of a public hearing <u>or meeting</u> be published pursuant to G.S. § 160D-601, the Ordinance Administrator shall publish a notice of the <u>meeting or public</u> hearing once a week for two successive weeks in a newspaper having general circulation in the town. The first notice shall be published not less than ten days nor more than 25 days prior to the date fixed for the hearing <u>or meeting</u>. In computing such period, the day of publication is not included but the day of the hearing <u>or meeting</u> shall be included.

(C) Mailed notice.

(1) When the provisions of this ordinance require that mailed notice be provided pursuant to G.S. § 160D-602, the Ordinance Administrator shall prepare a notice of the public hearing-or meeting and deliver the notice via first class mail to the following persons:

(i) The applicant;

(ii) Listed property owner(s) directly affected by the proposed action if the applicant is not the owner;

(iii) Listed owners of adjacent property (this includes adjacent properties even if they are separated by a street, railroad, or other transportation corridor); and

(iv) Listed owners of property lying within 500 feet of the boundary of the subject property or zoning district boundary, as applicable.

(2) Mailed notices shall be deposited in the mail no fewer than ten days and no more than 25 days prior to the date of the public hearing-or meeting.

(3) The Ordinance Administrator shall certify to the Town Council that the required mailed notice procedures have been followed. This certification shall be conclusive evidence that the terms of this division have been met as set forth in G.S. § 160D-602.

(4) Mailed notice shall not be required when an application to amend the Official Zoning Map includes more than 50 different lots or tracts, owned by at least 50 different landowners, provided that the town publishes a notice (occupying at least one-half of a newspaper page) in a newspaper of general circulation once a week for two consecutive weeks beginning at least ten but not more than 25 days prior to the public hearing date. Affected landowners residing outside of the town's jurisdiction or the newspaper's circulation area shall be notified via first class mail in accordance with the procedures set forth in divisions (C)(1) and (C)(2) above.

(D) Posted notice.

(1) When a zoning map amendment is proposed, the Ordinance Administrator shall prominently post the notice on the subject property or on an adjacent public street or highway rightof-way at least ten days prior to the first public hearing or meeting. When multiple parcels are included within a proposed zoning map amendment, a posting on each individual parcel is not required, but the town shall post sufficient notices to provide reasonable notice to interested persons. In computing such period, the day of the posting shall not be counted, but the day of the hearing shall be counted. Posted notices shall remain in place until such time that the approving authority has rendered its final decision on the matter.

(2) If no part of the subject property is visible from a public right-of-way, the notice shall be posted along the nearest street in the public right-of-way in such a manner as to ensure consistency with the intent of this division (D).

(E) Constructive notice.

(1) Minor defects in any notice shall not impair the notice or invalidate proceedings pursuant to the notice if a bona fide attempt has been made to comply with the applicable notice requirements. Minor defects in notices may include, but are not limited to:

(i) Errors in legal descriptions; or

(ii) Typographical or grammatical errors that do not impede the communication of the notice to affected parties.

(2) Failure of an affected party to receive written notice shall not invalidate subsequent action. In all cases, however, the requirements for the timing of the notice and for specifying the time, date, and place of a public hearing or meeting and the location of the subject property(ies) shall be strictly adhered to.

(3) If question arises at the hearing-or meeting regarding the adequacy of the notice, the reviewing or decision-making body shall direct the Ordinance Administrator to make a formal finding as to whether there was substantial compliance with the notice requirements of this ordinance, and such findings shall be made available to the reviewing or decision-making body prior to further action being taken on the request.

(F) Summary of notice requirements. The following table summarizes the public notice requirements for development applications requiring legislative decisions.

Table 3-2: Summary of Notice Requirements

Table 3-2: Summary of Notice Requirements								
Application Type	Notice Type							
	Published Notice	Mailed Notice	Posted Notice					
Conditional Zoning District classification	Х	Х	Х					
Establishment of vested rights	Х	Х	Х					
Land development ordinance text amendment	Х							
Zoning map amendment	Х	Х	Х					

3.1.12 *Public notification of quasi-judicial decisions.* Evidentiary hearings will be scheduled for special use permits, variance, watershed variances, floodplain variances, and appeals of administrative decisions. The Ordinance Administrator shall be responsible for scheduling evidentiary hearings for all applications for which one is required. The hearing may be scheduled for either a regular meeting or a special called meeting of the Board of Adjustment. Hearings will be scheduled in a manner that allows sufficient time for notice to be given in accordance with statutory requirements.

3.1.13 *Notice of evidentiary hearings.* Notice of evidentiary hearings shall be mailed to the person or entity whose appeal, application, or request is the subject of the hearing; to the owner of the property that is the subject of the hearing if the owner did not initiate the hearing; to the owners of all parcels of land abutting the parcel of land that is the subject of the hearing; and to any other persons entitled to receive notice as provided by the <u>zoning-land development or unified development</u> ordinance. In the absence of evidence to the contrary, the town may rely on the county tax listing to determine owners of property entitled to mailed notice. The notice must be deposited in the mail at least ten days, but not more than 25 days, prior to the date of the hearing. Within that same time period, the town shall also prominently post a notice of the hearing on the site that is the subject of the hearing or on an adjacent street or highway right-of-way. The Board of Adjustment may continue an evidentiary hearing that has been convened to a date certain that is specified during an evidentiary hearing without further advertisement. If an evidentiary hearing is set for a given date and a quorum of the Board of Adjustment is not then present, the hearing shall be continued until the next regular Board meeting without further advertisement.

3.1.14 *Administrative materials.* The Ordinance Administrator shall transmit to the Board of Adjustment all applications, reports, and written materials relevant to the matter being considered. The administrative materials may be distributed to the members of the board prior to the hearing if at the same time they are distributed to the Board a copy is also provided to the appellant or applicant and to the landowner if that person is not the appellant or applicant. The administrative materials shall become a part of the hearing record. The administrative materials may be provided in written or electronic form. Objections to inclusion or exclusion of administrative materials may be made before or during the hearing. Rulings on unresolved objections shall be made by the Board at the hearing.

3.1.15 *Presentation of evidence.* The applicant, the local government, and any person who would have standing to appeal the decision under G.S. § 160D-1402(c) shall have the right to participate as a party at the evidentiary hearing. Other witnesses may present competent, material, and substantial evidence that is not repetitive as allowed by the Board. Objections regarding jurisdictional and evidentiary issues, including, but not limited to, the timeliness of an appeal or the standing of a party, may be made to the Board of Adjustment. The Board Chair shall rule on any objections, and the Chair's rulings may be appealed to the full Board. These rulings are also subject to judicial review pursuant to G.S. § 160D-1402. Objections based on jurisdictional issues may be raised for the first time on judicial review.

3.1.22, is a summary of state law only and parties are advised to consult the state's general statutes which shall govern judicial review of quasi-judicial decisions.

3.1.23 *Conditions of approval.* See applicable standards regarding conditions of approval for conditional zoning (§ 3.2.3(4)(C)), special use permits (§ 3.2.4(F)), and variances (§ 3.2.5(F)).

(A) All other development approvals. In other cases when a decision-making body may, according to the express terms of this ordinance, approve a development application with conditions, such body may impose reasonable and appropriate conditions or restrictions on the approval.

(1) The conditions may, as appropriate, ensure compliance with the general goals and policies of this ordinance, or with particular standards of this ordinance, in order to prevent or minimize adverse effects from the proposed development on surrounding lands.

(2) *Limitations*. The restrictions and conditions imposed must be directly related, in both type and scope, to the impact that the proposed development would have on the public and surrounding lands. All conditions imposed shall be expressly set forth in the motion by the decision-making body to approve the development application.

(3) Conditions of approval included as part of the decision on a development application shall be accepted, in writing, by the applicant prior to delivery of written notification of a decision or filing of a final order.

3.1.24 Deferral of application.

(A) **Request prior to publication of notice.** An applicant may request that a decision-making body's consideration of an application at a public hearing be deferred by submitting a written request for deferral to the Ordinance Administrator prior to the publication of notice for the public hearing. The Ordinance Administrator may grant such requests for good cause. The date of the new public hearing at which the application will be heard shall be set at the time the deferral is granted.

(B) **Request after publication of notice.** If a request for deferral of consideration of an application by a decision-making body is submitted subsequent to publication of notice, the request for deferral shall be placed on the public hearing agenda and acted upon by the decision-making body. The decision-making body may grant such requests for good cause. The date of the new public hearing at which the application will be heard shall be set at the time the deferral is granted. If a deferral is granted, the application may be subject to additional application fees to defray the costs of processing the application and advertising the public hearing, if any. Any additional fees must be paid to the town prior to the readvertisement of the public hearing notice.

3.1.25 Changes to application after notice of public hearing.

(A) *Clerical errors*. Minor additions, deletions, or corrections constituting clerical errors in an application may be made without referral of the application, as amended, back to the Ordinance Administrator for review and preparation of a staff report, or to any review bodies as is required for the original review of the application.

(B) *Major changes*. No substantive changes to a development application related to uses, densities, intensities, street layout, access, open space configuration, or other major element shall be made after notification of a public hearing. Major changes by the applicant after notification of a public hearing require that the original application be withdrawn and a new application be submitted along with any required fees. The resubmitted application must go through the entire review process as if it were a new application in order to ensure the proper review of all changes.

(C) *Conditions of approval*. Proposed changes in conditions of approval may be considered by the Town Council or Board of Adjustment without referral back to the Ordinance Administrator or other recommending body.

3.1.26 Withdrawal of application.

(A) **Submission of request**. Any request for withdrawal of an application subject to a public hearing shall be submitted in writing to the Ordinance Administrator, or shall be made through a verbal request at the public hearing for which the application has been scheduled.

(B) *Prior to notice of public hearing.* The Ordinance Administrator shall approve a request for withdrawal of an application if it has been submitted prior to public notification of the application.

(C) Subsequent to notice of public hearing.

(1) If the request for withdrawal of an application is submitted subsequent to public notification, the request for withdrawal shall be placed on the public hearing agenda and acted upon by the decision-making body.

(2) Whenever an application subject to a requirement for a public hearing before the Town Council is withdrawn after public notification, but prior to a decision by the Town Council, no similar application may be submitted for the same property for a period of 90 days following the withdrawal.

(D) Fees. Fees shall not be refunded for withdrawn applications.

(E) *Waiting period*. No more than two withdrawals of the same type of development application for the same property may be filed within any single 12-month period, and no similar type of application may be filed for the same land within one year following the second withdrawal.

(F) Notification of decision to applicant. Within a reasonable period of time after a decision on an application, the Town Clerk shall notify the applicant of the decision in writing. Within a reasonable period of time after the decision, a copy of the decision shall also be made available to the public in the office of the Town Clerk.

(G) Lapse of approval. Lapse of approval (also referred to as "expiration") shall occur as provided by this ordinance for the various types of development applications. If no provision for lapse is given by this ordinance for a particular type of development permit or approval, and if no lapse period is imposed as part of an approval by the decision-making body, lapse shall occur if development is not commenced or a subsequent permit authorized by that approval, or an extension is not obtained within two years. Withdrawal of an application by an applicant shall render the application and any associated approval null and void upon withdrawal.

(H) *Examination of application and supporting documents*. At any time upon reasonable request and during normal business hours, any person may examine an application, a finalized staff report and materials submitted in support of or in opposition to an application in the office of the Town Clerk. Copies of such materials shall be made available at a reasonable cost.

(Ord. A.21.01, passed 6-3-2021)

§ 3.2 STANDARDS, PROCEDURES, AND REQUIREMENTS FOR DEVELOPMENT APPLICATIONS.

This section includes the review procedures, standards, and related information for each of the development application procedures as summarized in Table 2-1, Summary of Review and Approval Authority.

3.2.1 Zoning map amendment.

(A) *Purpose*. The purpose of this section is to provide a uniform means for amending the Official Zoning Map.

(B) *Authority*. The Town Council may adopt an ordinance amending the Official Zoning Map upon compliance with the provisions of this section.

(C) *Initiation*. An application to amend the Official Zoning Map may be initiated by the Town Council, the Planning Board, the Ordinance Administrator, or a resident of the town, or any other person having a financial or other interest in land located within the town's zoning jurisdiction.

(D) *Downzoning.* No amendment to zoning regulations or a zoning map that downzones property in accordance with the definition of downzoning included in this ordinance and consistent with the definition provided in G.S. § 160D-601(d) shall be initiated nor is it enforceable without the written consent of all property owners whose property is the subject of the downzoning amendment, unless the downzoning amendment is initiated by the town.

(E) Conditional Zoning District classification distinguished.

(1) Applications for an amendment to the Official Zoning Map that are accompanied by applicant sponsored conditions or limitations shall be considered as a Conditional Zoning District classification, and shall be reviewed in accordance with this division and division 3.2.3, Conditional Zoning District Classification.

(2) In no case shall an application for an amendment to the Official Zoning Map be converted into an application for a Conditional Zoning District classification, nor shall an application for a Conditional Zoning District classification be converted into an application for an amendment to the Official Zoning Map. If such a conversion is desired by the applicant, he or she shall withdraw the original request and resubmit a new application and any required fees for the desired process.

(F) Procedures.

(1) *Preliminary procedures*. The preliminary procedures and requirements for submission and review of an application are established in § 3.1, Common Review Procedures.

(2) *Review and recommendation by Ordinance Administrator.* Prior to the submission of the application to the Planning Board, the Ordinance Administrator shall review the application and make a written recommendation which he or she shall present to the Planning Board during the meeting at which it considers the application.

(3) **Review and recommendation by the Planning Board**. Following the review by the Ordinance Administrator, the application shall be forwarded to the Planning Board for its review and recommendation.

(i) During the meeting, the Planning Board shall consider the application, relevant supporting materials, the Ordinance Administrator's recommendation, and any comments given by the public on the matter. Within 45 days of the first meeting on an application<u>a reasonable period of time</u>, the Planning Board shall make a written recommendation to the Town Council.

(ii) In making its recommendation, the Planning Board shall advise and comment on whether the proposed action is consistent with any comprehensive plan that has been adopted and any other officially adopted plan that is applicable, in accordance with G.S. § 160D-604(d).

(iii) The Planning Board shall provide a written recommendation to the governing board that addresses plan consistency and other matters as deemed appropriate by the Planning Board, but a comment by the Planning Board that a proposed amendment is inconsistent with the comprehensive plan shall not preclude consideration or approval of the proposed amendment by the governing board.

rezoning under G.S. § 160D-602(b), the governing board statement on reasonableness may address the overall rezoning.

(iii) The statement of reasonableness and the plan consistency statement required by this section may be approved as a single statement.

(7) *Citizen Comment*. If anyone submits a written statement regarding a proposed zoning map amendment to the Town Clerk within two days of the date the matter is to be voted on by the Town Council, the Town Clerk shall deliver the written statement to the Town Council, who may, at it its sole discretion, take the written statement under advisement.

(G) **Zoning map amendment standards**. Amending the Official Zoning Map is a matter committed to the legislative discretion of the Town Council. In determining whether to approve or deny a proposed amendment, the Town Council shall consider and weigh the relevance of the following factors.

(1) Whether, and to the extent which, the proposed amendment is consistent with the comprehensive plan, Land Use Plan, and any other relevant plans;

(2) Whether, and to the extent which, the proposed amendment addresses a demonstrated community need;

(3) Whether, and to the extent which, the proposed amendment is compatible with existing and proposed uses surrounding the land subject to the amendment;

(4) Whether, and to the extent which, the proposed amendment would result in a logical and orderly pattern of development;

(5) Whether, and to the extent which, the proposed amendment would encourage premature development in the area subject to the amendment;

(6) Whether, and to the extent which, the proposed amendment would result in adverse impacts to property values in the area surrounding the land subject to the amendment; and

(7) Whether, and to the extent which, the proposed amendment would result in significantly adverse impacts on the natural environment.

3.2.2 Land development ordinance text amendment.

(A) *Purpose*. The purpose of this division is to provide a uniform means for amending the text of the land development ordinance.

(B) *Authority*. The Town Council may adopt an ordinance amending the text of the land development ordinance upon compliance with the provisions of this section.

(C) *Initiation.* An application to amend the text of the land development ordinance may be initiated by the Town Council, the Planning Board, the Ordinance Administrator, a resident of the town, or any other person having a financial or other interest in land located within the town's zoning jurisdiction.

(D) Procedures.

(1) *Preliminary procedures.* The preliminary procedures and requirements for submission and review of an application are established in § 3.1, Common Review Procedures.

(2) **Review and recommendation by Ordinance Administrator.** Prior to the submission of the application to the Planning Board, the Ordinance Administrator shall review the application and make a written recommendation, which he or she shall present to the Planning Board.

(3) Review and recommendation by Planning Board.

(i) Following the review and recommendation by the Ordinance Administrator, the application shall be forwarded to the Planning Board for its review and recommendation. During the meeting, the Planning Board shall consider the application, relevant supporting materials, the Ordinance Administrator's recommendation, and any comments given by the public on the matter. Within 45 days of the first meeting on an application a reasonable period of time, the Planning Board shall make a written recommendation to the Town Council.

(ii) In making its recommendation, the Planning Board shall advise and comment on whether the proposed action is consistent with any comprehensive plan that has been adopted and any other officially adopted plan that is applicable, in accordance with G.S. § 160D-604(d).

(iii) The Planning Board shall provide a written recommendation to the governing board that addresses plan consistency and other matters as deemed appropriate by the Planning Board, but a comment by the Planning Board that a proposed amendment is inconsistent with the comprehensive plan shall not preclude consideration or approval of the proposed amendment by the governing board.

(4) **Review and action by Town Council.** Following the receipt of a recommendation from the Planning Board, the Town Council shall conduct a public hearing to review and consider the application, the relevant supporting materials, the Ordinance Administrator's recommendation, the recommendation of the Planning Board, and the comments given during the hearing (if any). Following the close of the public hearing, the Town Council shall take one of the following actions:

- (i) Approve the amendment as proposed;
- (ii) Approve a revised amendment;

- (iii) Remand the application back to the Planning Board for further consideration; or
- (iv) Deny the proposed amendment.

(5) **Council consistency review.** Regardless of the decision on the application, the Town Council shall approve a brief statement describing whether its action is consistent or inconsistent with the adopted comprehensive plan.

(6) Citizen Comment. If anyone submits a written statement regarding a proposed land development ordinance text amendment to the Town Clerk within two days of the date the matter is to be voted on by the Town Council, the Town Clerk shall deliver the written statement to the Town Council, who may, at it its sole discretion, take the written statement under advisement.

(E) Land development ordinance text amendment standards. Amending the text of the land development ordinance is a matter committed to the legislative discretion of the Town Council. In determining whether to approve or deny a proposed amendment, the Town Council shall consider and weigh the relevance of the following factors:

(1) Whether, and to the extent which, the proposed amendment is consistent with the comprehensive plan, the Land Use Plan, and any other relevant plans;

(2) Whether, and to the extent which, the proposed amendment addresses a demonstrated community need;

(3) Whether the proposed amendment is in conflict with any other provision of this ordinance or other related town regulations;

(4) Whether, and to the extent which, the proposed amendment is consistent with the purpose of the zoning districts in the ordinance, or will improve compatibility among uses and will ensure efficient development in the town; and

(5) Whether, and to the extent which, the proposed amendment would result in significantly adverse impacts on the natural environment.

3.2.3 Conditional Zoning District classification.

(A) **Purpose**. A Conditional Zoning District classification allows particular land uses to be established only in accordance with specific standards and conditions adopted as part of the establishment of the district. In cases where the standards of a Base Zoning District are inadequate to ensure the compatibility of a proposed development with immediately surrounding lands, the landowner may apply for an amendment to the Official Zoning Map to a Conditional Zoning District classification. Conditional Zoning Districts are subject to additional conditions or restrictions above and beyond the standards of the parallel Base Zoning District as a means of ensuring compatibility of the proposed development with the use of neighboring lands.

(B) *Procedure*. Approval of a Conditional Zoning District classification shall require an amendment to the Official Zoning Map (using the procedures established in division 3.2.1, Zoning Map Amendment) accompanied by the submission of applicant sponsored conditions limiting the scope of the development proposal and a concept plan (reviewed in accordance with division 3.2.6(D)(3), Concept Plan - Conditional Zoning District classification).

(1) **Preliminary procedures**. The preliminary procedures and requirements for submission and review of an application are established in § 3.1, Common Review Procedures. <u>Applications for a conditional zoning district application shall be signed by all landowners of the property subject to the request.</u>

(2) Concept plan review by the Ordinance Administrator. Applications for a Conditional Zoning District classification shall be subject to review of a concept plan (see division 3.2.6, Concept Plan) by the Ordinance Administrator prior to the preparation of a staff report. Establishment of development identified in a concept plan may not take place until a site plan, in substantial conformity with the approved concept plan, is approved in accordance with division 3.2.7, Site Plan. An applicant may choose to file a site plan with a Conditional Zoning District classification, which shall be reviewed by the Ordinance Administrator prior to consideration by the Planning Board. In cases where a Conditional Zoning District classification application includes a site plan, the Town Council shall render a decision on the site plan. In cases where a site plan is submitted, all stormwater and public infrastructure aspects must comply with all applicable town and governmental agency requirements before the site plan may be approved.

(3) *Review and recommendation by the Planning Board*. After the review of the concept plan and the preparation of a staff report, the application shall be referred to the Planning Board for review and recommendation. During the meeting, the Planning Board shall consider the application, the relevant supporting materials, the concept plan, the staff report, and the public comments given at the meeting. Within 45 days of the first meeting on an application<u>a reasonable period of time</u>, the Planning Board shall make a written recommendation to the Town Council. This shall include a plan consistency review following the procedures in § 3.2.1(F)(3).

(4) **Review and action by Town Council.** Following the receipt of a recommendation from the Planning Board, the Town Council shall hold a legislative hearing on the application. At the public hearing, the Town Council shall consider the application, the relevant supporting materials, the concept plan, the staff report, the recommendation of the Planning Board, and comments given at the public hearing (if any). After the close of the public hearing, the Town Council shall, by a simple majority of all members present and qualified to vote, approve, approve with conditions, or deny the

application. This shall include a plan consistency review following the procedures in § 3.2.1(F)(5) and a reasonableness review following the procedures in § 3.2.1(F)(6).

(C) Conditions. Specific conditions of approval may be proposed by the petitioner or the town.

(1) Only those conditions approved by the town and consented to by the petitioner in writing may be incorporated into the zoning regulations.

(2) All conditions shall be expressly set forth in the motion by the decision-making body to approve the development application.

(3) Unless consented to by the petitioner in writing, the town may not require, enforce, or incorporate into the zoning regulations any condition or requirement not authorized by otherwise applicable law, including, without limitation, taxes, impact fees, building design elements within the scope of G.S. § 160D-702(b), driveway-related improvements in excess of those allowed in G.S. §§ 136-18(29) and 160A-307, or other unauthorized limitations on the development or use of land.

(4) Conditions and site-specific standards imposed in a conditional district shall be limited to those that address the conformance of the development and use of the site to local government ordinances, plans adopted pursuant to G.S. § 160D-501, or the impacts reasonably expected to be generated by the development or use of the site.

(5) No use shall be authorized within a Conditional Zoning District except those uses proposed by the applicant and approved by the Town Council. In no case shall any use prohibited within a parallel Base Zoning District be authorized in a corresponding Conditional District.

(6) No condition shall be less restrictive than the parallel Base Zoning District or any applicable Overlay District standards.

(7) No condition shall be included that specifies the ownership status, race, religion, or character of the occupants of dwelling units, the minimum value of improvements, or any other exclusionary device.

(8) No changes in the concept plan, <u>site plan</u>, or proposed conditions that are less restrictive than those in the application (e.g., smaller setbacks, more dwelling units, greater height, more access points, new uses, fewer improvements, and the like) shall be proposed by the applicant following public notification. Nothing in this division 3.2.3(C)(4) shall limit the application of new or more restrictive conditions after public notification, provided such conditions are received by the Ordinance Administrator in writing and signed by all owners of the property at least ten business days prior to the final decision on the application by the Town Council.

(9) In addition to any conditions proposed by the applicant, the Town Council may attach any additional conditions in accordance with division 3.1.23, Conditions of Approval (e.g., limitations on location, hours of operation, extent of the proposed uses, and the like), but the Town Council shall not attach a condition that requires a landowner to waive a vested right.

(D) *Effect of approval.* Lands subject to a Conditional Zoning District classification shall also be subject to the approved concept plan and approved conditions. The approved concept plan and conditions shall constitute the standards for the approved Conditional Zoning District, and are binding on the land as an amendment to this ordinance and the Official Zoning Map.

(E) *Designation*. A Conditional Zoning District classification shall bear the same designation as the parallel Base Zoning District, but shall also include the suffix "CD<u>.</u>" along with the ordinance number establishing the Conditional Zoning District classification.

(F) Changes to an approved conditional zoning. The owners of individual parcels may apply for a minor deviation or an amendment so long as the change would not result in other properties

failing to meet the terms of the conditions. Any approved changes shall only be applicable to those properties whose owners petitioned for the change.

(G) *Minor deviation*. The Ordinance Administrator is authorized to review and approve a minor deviation to a concept plan, site plan, or approved conditions if the proposed revision meets all of the following limitations:

(1) It does not involve a change in uses permitted or the density of overall development permitted;

(2) It complies with the intent of both the underlying zoning standards and other applicable conditions of the approval; and

(3) It involves technical considerations which could not be reasonably anticipated during the approval process, or any other change which has no material effect on the character of the approved development or any if its approved conditions.

For example, minor deviations shall include, but not be limited to, the following if they comply with the provisions in (G)(1), (G)(2), and (G)(3) in this subsection:

- (a) Driveway relocations;
- (b) Structure floor plan revisions;
- (c) Facility design modifications for amenities and other site features;
- (d) Adjustments to road configuration or internal circulation;
- (e) Adjustments to building location;
- (f) Minor adjustments to landscaping;
- (g) Adjustments to lot configuration; and
- (h) Adjustments to utility alignment and/or stormwater facilities.

(H) *Amendment*. Changes that do not qualify as minor deviations shall be amendments that may only be considered in accordance with the procedure used to establish the Conditional Zoning District.

(I) Expiration. The Town Council may initiate a zoning map amendment hold a public hearing in accordance with the zoning map amendment procedure in accordance with division 3.2.1 to abolish remove the a Conditional Zoning District classification and revert the land to its prior conventional zoning district classification (or the closest corresponding conventional zoning district) unless an application for a building permit (or other similar permit for uses which do not involve the construction of a structure) for any part of the associated concept plan is submitted within two years of the initial approval. Such time period shall not be extended with transfer of ownership.

(J) **Extension**. Upon written application by the owner, submitted at least 30 days prior to the expiration of the Conditional Zoning District classification, and in light of all relevant circumstances, including, but not limited to, extreme weather events, economic cycles, and market conditions, the Town Council may grant one extension, not to exceed six months, for an applicant to obtain a building permit (or other similar permit for uses which do not involve the construction of a structure). Failure to obtain a building permit (or other similar permit for uses which do not involve the construction of a structure) within the time established in the extension shall-may result in the Town initiating a zoning map amendment to remove expiration of the Conditional Zoning District classification and revert the land to its prior conventional zoning district classification (or the closest corresponding conventional zoning district).

3.2.4 Special use permit.

(A) *Purpose*. Special uses are uses that are generally compatible with the other uses permitted in a zoning district, but require individual review of their location, design, configuration, density and intensity of use, and usually require the imposition of conditions to ensure the appropriateness of the use at a particular location.

(B) *Authority*. The Board of Adjustment is authorized to review and decide applications for special use permits in accordance with this section. Only those uses identified as special uses in Table 7-1, Table of Permitted Uses, are authorized to be considered as special uses under this section. The designation of a use as a special use does not constitute an authorization that such use shall be approved through a special use permit in accordance with this section. Rather, each proposed special use shall be evaluated by the Board of Adjustment for compliance with the standards set forth in this section and the applicable standards for the use in § 7.3, Use Specific Standards (if applicable).

(C) *Initiation*. Application for a special use permit may only be initiated by the owner(s), an authorized agent, lessee, or contract purchaser(s), of the property for which the special use permit is designated in accordance with division 3.1.1.

(D) Procedures.

(1) *Preliminary procedures*. The preliminary procedures and requirements for submission and review of an application are established in § 3.1, Common Review Procedures.

(2) Concept plan required. A concept plan must be submitted as part of the application for a special use permit. The concept plan shall conform to the requirements set forth in division 3.2.6(E), Concept Plan Standards. Establishment of a special use identified in a concept plan may not take place until a site plan, in substantial conformity with the approved concept plan, is approved in accordance with division 3.2.7, Site Plan. An applicant may choose to file a site plan with a special use permit application, which shall be reviewed by the Ordinance Administrator prior to consideration by the Board of Adjustment. In cases where a Special Use Permit application includes a site plan, the Board of Adjustment shall render a decision on the site plan. In cases where a site plan is submitted, all stormwater and public infrastructure aspects must comply with all applicable town and governmental agency requirements before the site plan may be approved.

(3) Action by Board of Adjustment. After proper notice and scheduling of a public hearing following the procedures in §§ 3.1.12 and 3.1.13, the Board of Adjustment shall conduct a quasijudicial public hearing on the application following the procedures in §§ 3.1.14 through 3.1.21. At the public hearing, the Board of Adjustment shall consider the application, the relevant supporting materials, the concept plan, and any evidence presented at the quasi-judicial public hearing. After the close of the public hearing, the Board of Adjustment shall approve, approve with conditions, or deny the application based on the standards in division 3.2.4(E), Special Use Permit Standards. In accordance with the standards set forth in G.S. § 160D-406(i), granting approval or conditional approval of a special use permit shall require an affirmative vote of the majority of the members of the Board of Adjustment who are eligible to vote.

(E) Special use permit standards.

(1) The proposed use will not be detrimental to the health, safety, or general welfare of persons residing or working in the vicinity, or injurious to property or improvements in the vicinity.

(2) The proposed use is in compliance with all standards in § 7.3, Use Specific Standards.

(3) The proposed use is compatible with the character of surrounding property and uses permitted in the zoning district(s) of surrounding property.

(K) *Extension.* Upon written application submitted at least 30 days prior to the expiration of the permit period by the applicant, and in light of all relevant circumstances, including, but not limited to, extreme weather events, economic cycles, and market conditions, the Ordinance Administrator may grant one extension not to exceed six months. Failure to submit an application for an extension within the time limits established by this division shall result in the expiration of the special use permit.

(L) *Minor deviation*. The Ordinance Administrator is authorized to review and approve a minor deviation to a concept plan, site plan, or approved conditions if the proposed revision meets all of the following limitations:

(1) It does not involve a change in uses permitted or the density of overall development permitted;

(2) It complies with underlying zoning standards and other applicable conditions of the approval; and

(3) It involves technical considerations which could not be reasonably anticipated during the approval process, or any other change which has no material effect on the character of the approved development or any if its approved conditions.

For example, minor deviations shall include, but not be limited to, the following if they comply with the provisions in (L)(1), (L)(2) and (L)(3) in this subsection:

(a) Driveway relocations;

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- (b) Structure floor plan revisions;
- (c) Facility design modifications for amenities and other site features;
- (d) Minor adjustments to road configuration or internal circulation;
- (e) Minor adjustments to building location;
- (f) Minor adjustments to landscaping;
- (g) Minor adjustments to lot configuration; and
- (h) Minor adjustments to utility alignment.

(M) Amendments.

(1) Changes to a special use permit that do not qualify as minor deviations may only be made in accordance with the procedures and standards established for the original approval of a special use permit.

(2) If multiple parcels of land are subject to a special use permit, the owners of individual parcels may apply for a permit modification so long as the modification would not result in other properties failing to meet the terms of the special use permit or regulations. Any modifications approved apply only to those properties whose owners apply for the modification.

3.2.5 Variance.

(A) *Purpose*. The purpose of a variance is to allow certain deviations from the standards of this ordinance (such as height, yard setback, lot coverage, or similar numeric standards), when the landowner demonstrates that, owing to special circumstances or conditions beyond the landowner's control (such as exceptional topographical conditions, narrowness, shallowness, or the shape of a specific parcel of land), the literal application of the standards would result in undue and unique hardship to the landowner and the deviation would not be contrary to the public interest. Variances to

the standards established in Article 15, Watershed Protection or Article 16, Flood Damage Prevention shall be subject to additional requirements as set forth in divisions 3.2.5(J) and 3.2.5(K) respectively.

(B) *Authority*. The Board of Adjustment shall review and decide any applications for variances from the requirements of this ordinance in accordance with this division 3.2.5.

(C) *Initiation.* Application for a variance may only be initiated by the owner(s), an authorized agent, lessee, or contract purchaser(s), of the property for which the variance is designated in accordance with division 3.1.1.

(D) Procedures.

(1) *Preliminary procedures*. The preliminary procedures and requirements for submission and review of an application are established in § 3.1, Common Review Procedures.

(2) Action by Board of Adjustment. After appropriate notice has been given, the Board of Adjustment shall conduct a quasi-judicial hearing on the application. At the hearing, the Board of Adjustment shall consider the application, the relevant support materials and the sworn testimony given at the public hearing. Within a reasonable time following the close of the public hearing, the Board of Adjustment shall approve, approve with conditions, or deny the application based on the standards in division 3.2.5(E), Required Findings of Fact. In accordance with the standards set forth in G.S. § 160D-406, granting approval or conditional approval of a variance shall require an affirmative vote of at least four-fifths of the members of the Board of Adjustment who are eligible to vote.

(E) **Required findings of fact**. When unnecessary hardships would result from carrying out the strict letter of the LDO, the Board of Adjustment shall vary any of the provisions of the LDO upon a showing of all of the following.

(1) Unnecessary hardship would result from the strict application of the regulation. It shall not be necessary to demonstrate that, in the absence of the variance, no reasonable use can be made of the property.

(2) The hardship results from conditions that are peculiar to the property, such as location, size, or topography. A variance may be granted when necessary and appropriate to make a reasonable accommodation under the Federal Fair Housing Act for a person with a disability. Hardships resulting from personal circumstances, as well as hardships resulting from conditions that are common to the neighborhood or the general public, may not be the basis for granting a variance.

(3) The hardship did not result from actions taken by the applicant or the property owner. The act of purchasing property with the knowledge that circumstances exist that may justify the granting of a variance shall not be regarded as self-created hardship.

(4) The requested variance is consistent with the spirit, purpose, and intent of the regulation, such that public safety is secured and substantial justice is achieved.

(F) Conditions of approval. In approving a variance, the Board of Adjustment may impose additional appropriate conditions on the variance provided that the conditions are reasonably related to the variance. All conditions that are included as part of the approval shall be consented to in writing by the landowner and the permit applicant, if different from the landowner, before the variance is issued.

(G) *Recordation*. When the Board of Adjustment grants a variance, the town shall, at the applicant's expense, record the written decision on the variance in the office of the County Register of Deeds within 30 days of its issuance.

(H) **Subsequent development**. Development authorized by the variance shall not be carried out until the applicant has secured all other permits required by this ordinance. A variance does not

(ii) In the case of a special use permit, the Ordinance Administrator shall review the concept plan for conformance to the ordinance and forward his or her comments to the Board of Adjustment, which shall consider the concept plan as it makes its decision on approving, conditionally approving, or denying approval of the special use permit.

(3) Concept plans associated with an application for a site plan or subdivision preliminary plat in one of the Gateway Districts shall be considered as an applicant sponsored condition of approval. The Ordinance Administrator shall provide his or her recommendation on the concept plan to the Planning Board, which shall consider the concept plan in making its own recommendation to the Town Council. Following a recommendation from the Planning Board, the Town Council may approve, approve with conditions, or deny approval of a concept plan for development in any of the Gateway Districts.

(D) Procedures.

(1) *Preliminary procedures*. The preliminary procedures for submission and review of a concept plan are established in § 3.1, Common Review Procedures.

(2) Concept plan - site plan or subdivision preliminary plat.

(i) **Review by Ordinance Administrator**. In the case of a concept plan submitted for review in association with a site plan or subdivision preliminary plat, the Ordinance Administrator shall review the concept plan for compliance with the applicable standards set forth in the ordinance and division 3.2.6(E), Concept Plan Standards. Following his or her review, he or she shall submit his or her comments in writing to the applicant, who may then begin the preparation of the site plan or subdivision preliminary plat.

(3) Concept plan -<u>Conditional conditional Zoning District district</u> classification.

(i) **Review and recommendation by Ordinance Administrator**. In the case of a concept plan submitted in association with an application for Conditional Zoning District classification, the Ordinance Administrator shall review the concept plan for compliance with the applicable standards set forth in the ordinance and division 3.2.6(E), Concept Plan Standards, and prepare a staff report which he or she will forward to the Planning Board for consideration as it makes its recommendation on the Conditional Zoning District classification.

(ii) **Review and recommendation by Planning Board**. Following receipt of the staff report from the Ordinance Administrator, the Planning Board shall review and make a recommendation on the concept plan as part of the Conditional Zoning District classification process following the procedures in division 3.2.3(B)(3).

(iii) **Review and action by Town Council**. Following the receipt of a recommendation from the Planning Board, the Town Council shall review and make its decision on the concept plan as part of the Conditional Zoning District classification process following the procedures in division 3.2.3(B)(4).

(iv) Subsequent site plan and/or subdivision review. Development depicted in a concept plan shall also be required to undergo subdivision review in accordance with division 3.2.9 Subdivision, and/or site plan review in accordance with division 3.2.7, Site Plan. Subdivision plats or site plans shall be in substantial conformity with the approved concept plan.

(v) Site plan alternative to a concept plan. An applicant for a conditional rezoning district classification may, in the applicant's sole discretion, file a site plan with the application instead of a concept plan. In this instance, the site plan shall be reviewed in the same manner as a concept plan, and if approved by the Town Council, shall not require subsequent review in accordance with division 3.2.7, Site Plan. In cases where a site plan is submitted as an alternative to a concept plan, all

stormwater and public infrastructure aspects must comply with all applicable town and governmental agency requirements before the site plan may be approved. In the event a site plan approved in this manner requires an amendment, it shall require a reconsideration as a conditional rezoning district classification.

(4) Concept plan - special use permit.

(i) **Review by Ordinance Administrator**. In the case of a concept plan submitted in association with an application for a special use permit, the Ordinance Administrator shall review the concept plan for compliance with the applicable standards set forth in the ordinance and division 3.2.6(E), Concept Plan Standards, and submit his or her comments to the Board of Adjustment for consideration as it makes its decision on the special use permit application.

(ii) **Review and action by Board of Adjustment.** Following the receipt of comments from the Ordinance Administrator, the Board of Adjustment shall review the concept plan as part of the special use permit application process following the procedures in division 3.2.4(D)(3).

(iii) Subsequent site plan and/or subdivision review. Development depicted in a concept plan shall also be required to undergo subdivision review in accordance with division 3.2.9 Subdivision, and/or site plan review in accordance with division 3.2.7, Site Plan. Subdivision plats or site plans shall be in substantial conformity with the approved concept plan.

(iv) Site plan alternative to a concept plan. An applicant for a special use permit may, in the applicant's sole discretion, file a site plan with the application instead of a concept plan. In this instance, the site plan shall be reviewed in the same manner as a concept plan, and if approved by the Board of Adjustment, shall not require subsequent review in accordance with division 3.2.7, Site Plan. In cases where a site plan is submitted as an alternative to a concept plan, all stormwater and public infrastructure aspects must comply with all applicable town and governmental agency requirements before the site plan may be approved. In the event a site plan approved in this manner requires an amendment, it shall require a reconsideration as a special use permit.

(5) Concept plan - Gateway District.

(i) **Review and recommendation by Ordinance Administrator**. In the case of a concept plan submitted in association with an application for site plan or subdivision preliminary plat in a Gateway District, the Ordinance Administrator shall review the concept plan for compliance with the applicable standards set forth in the ordinance and division 3.2.6(E), Concept Plan Standards, and prepare a staff report which he or she will forward to the Planning Board for consideration as it makes its recommendation.

(ii) **Review and recommendation by Planning Board**. Following receipt of the staff report from the Ordinance Administrator, the Planning Board shall review and make a recommendation on the concept plan.

(iii) *Review and action by Town Council*. Following the receipt of a recommendation from the Planning Board, the Town Council shall review and make its decision on the concept plan.

(E) **Concept plan standards**. A concept plan shall be reviewed for compliance with the applicable standards set forth in the ordinance for the particular type of development and the following:

- (1) Setbacks and lot coverage;
- (2) Building envelopes for single-family residential development;
- (3) Building location and orientation for multi-family and nonresidential development;

(2) *Review of concept plan.* Except when a site plan is submitted with an application for a conditional rezoning district classification or a special use permit, ‡the review of a concept plan, in accordance with division 3.2.6, shall be required prior to the consideration of a site plan.

(3) **Review and decision by Ordinance Administrator.** Following the review and approval of a concept plan, the applicant shall prepare a site plan that reflects the configuration and composition depicted in the concept plan. Following the submission of a site plan by an applicant, the Ordinance Administrator shall review and approve, approve with modifications, or deny approval of the site plan based on the standards in division 3.2.7(E), Site Plan Standards.

(E) *Site plan standards.* A site plan shall be approved only upon a finding that it adequately depicts the precise design, location, and profile of all structures, site features, and public facilities proposed for development, as well as all other technical considerations. In addition, the site plan shall demonstrate that all of the following standards are met:

(1) The use is allowed in the zoning district in accordance with Table 7-1, Table of Permitted Uses;

(2) The development and uses in the site plan comply with § 7.3, Use Specific Standards;

(3) The development is consistent with the associated concept plan and applicant sponsored conditions (if applicable).

(4) The development proposed in the site plan and its general layout and design comply with all appropriate standards in this ordinance; and

(5) The development complies with all other applicable town requirements.

(F) *Effect of approval.* The approval of a site plan allows the applicant to apply for a land development permit to initiate land development activities in accordance with the approved site plan.

(G) *Expiration*. Site plan approval shall automatically expire at the end of two years following initial approval if a building permit has not been issued and construction pursuant to that permit has not commenced for at least one building in the proposed development. A change in ownership shall not affect this time frame.

(H) *Minor deviation.* The Ordinance Administrator is authorized to review and approve a minor deviation to a concept plan or approved conditions if the proposed revision meets all of the following limitations:

(1) It does not involve a change in uses permitted or the density of overall development permitted;

(2) It complies with underlying zoning standards and other applicable conditions of the approval; and

(3) It involves technical considerations which could not be reasonably anticipated during the approval process, or any other change which has no material effect on the character of the approved development or any if its approved conditions.

For example, minor deviations shall include, but not be limited to, the following if they comply with the provisions in (H)(1), (H)(1), and (H)(1) in this subsection:

- (a) Driveway relocations;
- (b) Structure floor plan revisions;
- (c) Facility design modifications for amenities and other site features;

appeal of a decision of an administrative official charged with enforcement of the LDO, any appeal arising out of the LDO, or any appeal made in the nature of certiorari as set forth in G.S. § 160D-406. All decisions shall be in accordance with division 3.1.13, Quasi-Judicial Decisions.

(C) Effect of appeal. An appeal of a notice of violation or other enforcement order stays enforcement of the action appealed from (including the accrual of fines and fees) unless the official who made the decision certifies to the Board of Adjustment after the notice of appeal has been filed, that because of the facts stated in an affidavit, a stay would cause imminent peril to life or property or because the violation is transitory in nature, a stay would seriously interfere with enforcement of the ordinance. In that case, enforcement proceedings shall not be stayed except by a restraining order, which may be granted by a court. If enforcement proceedings are not stayed, the appellant may file with the official a request for an expedited hearing of the appeal, and the Board of Adjustment shall meet to hear the appeal within 15 days after such a request is filed. Notwithstanding the foregoing, appeals of decisions granting a permit or otherwise affirming that a proposed use of property is consistent with the ordinance shall not stay further review of an application for permits or permissions to use such property; in these situations the appellant may request and the Board of Adjustment may grant a stay of a final decision of permit applications or building permits affected by the issue being appealed. Filing of an appeal shall toll all time periods associated with conditions of approval, permit expiration, or vesting until the appeal is decided.

(D) *Appeals in the nature of certiorari.* When hearing an appeal pursuant to G.S. §160D-947 or any other appeal in the nature of certiorari, the hearing shall be based on the record below and the scope of review shall be as provided in G.S. § 160D-1402.

(E) Other forms of dispute resolution. The parties to an appeal that has been made under division 3.2.13, Appeals of Administrative Decisions, may agree to mediation or other forms of alternative dispute resolution.

3.2.14 Establishment of vested rights Vested rights certificate.

(A) *Purpose*. The purpose of this division is to implement the provisions of G.S.§§ 160D-108 and 160D-108.1 in order to permit an applicant to request vesting, or an extended vesting period, from changes in this Ordinance that take place after approval of a development application but prior to completion of an approved site-specific vesting plan associated with the application.for the establishment of a statutory zoning vested right upon the approval of a site specific vesting plan.

(B) Applicability. An application for a vested rights certificate shall be limited to applications with an approved site-specific vesting plan in accordance with division 1.11.4.D. Site-specific vesting plan. Vested rights shall only be available to a landowner with a legally established and approved site specific vesting plan. For the purposes of this division, a site specific vesting plan shall include the following:

(1) Development subject to an approved special use permit;

(2) Development subject to a subdivision preliminary plat;

(3) Development subject to a site plan; and

(4) Land subject to a Conditional Zoning District classification.

(C) Procedure.

(1) *Preliminary procedures*. The preliminary procedures and requirements for submission and review of an application are established in § 3.1, Common Review Procedures.

(2) Review and recommendation by Planning Board. Following review by the Ordinance Administrator, the application shall be referred to the Planning Board for review and recommendation.

During the meeting, the Planning Board shall consider the application, the relevant support materials, and any public comments given on the application. Within 45 days of the first meeting on an application, the Planning Board shall make a written recommendation to the Town Council. In addition to making a recommendation as to approval or denial of the application and the appropriate period of time to vest a site specific vesting plan, the Planning Board may also recommend the imposition of conditions on the approval in accordance with division 3.1.15, Conditions of Approval. In no case shall the application proceed to the public hearing before the Town Council without a recommendation by the Planning Board.

(32) Review and decision by Town Council. After the receipt of a recommendation from the Planning Board, public notification, and the scheduling of a public hearing, the Town Council shall conduct a public hearing on the application. At the public hearing, the Town Council shall consider the application, the relevant support materials, the recommendation of the Planning Board, and the testimony given at the public hearing. After the close of the public hearing, the Town Council shall, by simple majority of those present and eligible to vote, approve, approve with conditions, or deny the application based on the standards in division 3.2.14(D), Vested Rights <u>Certificate</u> Standards. In the event the application is approved, the Town Council shall establish the vesting period, which shall not exceed a maximum of five years from the date of approval of the establishment of vested rights.

(D) Vested rights <u>certificate</u> standards. The Town Council shall only grant <u>a</u> vested rights <u>certificate</u> in accordance with this division 3.2.14 after making the following-findings of fact:

(1) The site <u>_</u>specific vesting plan was lawfully established and approved in the appropriate manner by the appropriate decision-making body;

(2) The site_-specific vesting plan has not expired <u>and the development proposed remains valid</u> <u>and unexpired;</u>

(3) All required variances, if any, included as a condition of the approval of a site specific vesting plan have been obtained; and

(4) The site-specific vesting plan provides sufficient information to establish the types and intensity of proposed development with reasonable certainty.

In approving the establishment of vested rights, the Town Council may extend the two-year vested rights period to a period of up to five years, where warranted in light of all relevant circumstances, including, but not limited to, the size and phasing of development, economic cycles, and market conditions.

(E) Effect.

(1) Each document used to establish a site-specific vesting plan shall bear the following notation:

"Approval of this application establishes a zoning vested right under Section 160D-108 of the North Carolina General Statutes, as amended. Unless terminated at an earlier date, the vested right shall be valid until (date)."

(2) The establishment of a vested right shall not preclude the application of overlay zoning district provisions that impose additional requirements but do not affect the allowable type and intensity of use, or through ordinances that are general in nature and are applicable to all property subject to land use regulation by the town, including, but not limited to: building, fire, plumbing, electrical, and mechanical codes.

(F) Duration,

(1) In no instance shall a vested right certificate provide a vested right for a period of longer than five years from the date of approval of the site-specific vesting plan.

(2) A vested right certificate shall expire and become null and void:

a. At the end of the approved vesting period; or

b. If a building permit application for the development subject to the certificate is not submitted within two years of the approval of the vested rights certificate associated with a special use permit concept plan, subdivision preliminary plat, or site plan, or five years of the approval of a vested rights certificate associated with a conditional rezoning concept plan; or

c. Upon a finding by the Town Council after public notice and a public hearing, that:

i. Natural or man-made hazards on or in the immediate vicinity of the land, if uncorrected, would pose a serious threat to the public health, safety, and welfare if the project were to proceed as contemplated;

ii. The landowner or landowner's representative intentionally supplied inaccurate information or made material misrepresentations which affected the approval of the site-specific vesting plan;

iii. The landowner failed to comply with any condition imposed upon the establishment of the site-specific development plan or vested rights certificate; or

d. Upon payment to the affected landowner of compensation for all costs, expenses, and other losses incurred by the landowner, including all fees paid in consideration of financing, and all architectural, planning, marketing, legal, and other consultant fees incurred after approval of the certificate by the town, together with interest at the legal rate until paid. Compensation shall not include any diminution in the value of the land which is caused by such action; or

e. With the written consent of the affected landowner.

(3) Upon enactment or promulgation of a State or federal law or regulation that precludes development as contemplated in the site-specific vesting plan, the Town Council may modify the affected provisions of the certificate by ordinance, if after conducting a hearing, it finds the changed conditions created by the change in the State or federal law have a fundamental effect on the site-specific vesting plan.

-3.2.15 Multi-phased development.

(A) A multi-phased development, as defined in this ordinance and consistent with the definition in G.S. § 160D-108(j)(4) is vested for the entire development with the land development regulations then in place at the time a site plan approval is granted for the initial phase of the multi-phased development.

(B) A right which has been vested as provided for in this subsection remains vested for a period of seven years from the time a site plan approval is granted for the initial phase of the multi-phased development.

3.2.46 <u>15</u> Special intensity allocation.

(A) *Purpose*. The purpose of this division 3.2.<u>16-<u>15</u> is to set forth the procedures and requirements for the review and approval of a special intensity allocation in compliance with the standards of § 15.1, Water Supply Watershed Protection Rules.</u>

(B) *Applicability*. SIA can only be requested in WS-II-NSW-P.

(C) Procedure.

CIVIC SPACE. An outdoor area dedicated for public use.

CLUSTER DEVELOPMENT. The grouping of buildings in order to conserve land resources and provide for innovation in the design of the project including minimizing stormwater runoff impacts. This term includes nonresidential development as well as single-family residential and multi-family developments. For the purpose of this ordinance, planned unit developments and mixed-use development are considered as CLUSTER DEVELOPMENT.

COLLECTOR STREET. A street whose principal function is to carry traffic between local, subcollector, and cul-de-sac streets and streets of higher classification, but which may provide direct access to abutting properties.

COLLEGE or UNIVERSITY. A public or private, non-profit institution for post-secondary education offering courses in general or technical education which operates on buildings or premises of any tract size owned or leased by the institution for administrative and faculty offices, classrooms, laboratories, chapels, auditoriums, lecture halls, libraries, student and faculty centers, athletic facilities, dormitories, fraternities and sororities, and other facilities which further the educational mission of the institution.

COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION. The first placement of permanent evidence of a structure on a site pursuant to a duly issued building permit, such as the pouring of slabs or footings or any work beyond the stage of excavation, including the relocation of a structure. COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION does not include the installation of streets or walkways; nor the excavation for a basement, footings, piers, or foundations, or the erection of temporary forms; nor does it include the installation on the property of temporary buildings, such as garages, sheds, or trailers, not part of the main structure nor occupied as dwelling units.

COMMERCIAL RECREATION, INDOOR. A private indoor (entirely within enclosed structure) use providing for sport and recreation activities, that are operated or carried on primarily for financial gain. Examples of INDOOR COMMERCIAL RECREATION uses include, but are not limited to, fitness centers, bowling alleys, skating rinks, indoor commercial swimming pools, and racquet and tennis club facilities (indoor).

COMMERCIAL RECREATION, OUTDOOR. A private outdoor use providing facilities for sport activities, which is operated or carried on primarily for financial gain, outdoors. Examples of OUTDOOR COMMERCIAL RECREATION uses include, but are not limited to, miniature golf facilities, outdoor commercial tourist attractions, and privately owned active sports facilities such as ball fields and basketball courts, and racquet and tennis club facilities (outdoor).

COMMISSION. The North Carolina Environmental Management Commission, in the Department.

COMMON LAW VESTED RIGHT. Legal doctrine that recognizes where property owners have reasonably made a substantial expenditure of money, time, labor, or energy in a good faith reliance on a permit from the government, that they acquire "vested rights" or a protected right to complete the development of their land as originally begun despite any changes in the zoning on the property.

COMMON PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT. Site with multiple lots where there is a single development plan for all of the lots, usually represented by a master plan or a set of declarations of restrict covenants.

COMPATIBLE. A term used to describe how the visual aspects of a structure (including signage) are similar to or consistent with the other structures on the same parcel, site, or in the immediate vicinity. Visual aspects include, but are not limited to: color, texture, materials, scale, size, form, and aspect.

DESIGN MANUAL. The Stormwater Design Manual approved for use in this part of the Falls Watershed by the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality for the proper implementation of the requirements of the Falls Watershed stormwater program or any manual published by NCDEQ that is generally applicable throughout the state. All references herein to the DESIGN MANUAL are to the latest published edition or revision.

DEVELOPER. The legal or beneficial owner or owners of a lot or of any land included in a proposed development, including the holder of an option or contract to purchase or other persons having enforceable proprietary interests in such land.

DEVELOPMENT. The initiation, construction, change, or enlargement of any use or structure, the disturbance of land through the removal of trees or ground cover, or the division of land into two or more parcels, or any land disturbing activity which adds to or changes the amount or nature of impervious or partially impervious cover on a land area, or which otherwise decreases the infiltration of precipitation into the soil. DEVELOPMENT shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

(A) Construction or enlargement of a building or structure;

(B) Change in the type of use of a building, structure, or land;

(C) Material increase in the intensity of use of land, such as an increase in the number of businesses, offices, manufacturing establishments, or dwelling units located in a building or structure or on the land;

(D) Commencement or expansion of resource extraction, agricultural, horticultural, or forestry activities on a parcel of land;

(E) Demolition of a structure or the removal of trees from a parcel of land;

(F) Deposition of refuse, solid or liquid waste, or fill on a parcel of land;

(G) Alteration, either physically or chemically, of the shore, bank, or channel of any stream, lake, or other body of water or alteration of any wetland; and

(H) Any land disturbing activity that adds to or changes the amount of impervious or partially impervious cover on a land area or which otherwise decreases the infiltration of precipitation into the soil.

Any land-disturbing activity that increases the amount of built-upon area or that otherwise decreases the infiltration of precipitation into the subsoil. When additional development occurs at a site that has existing development, the built-upon area of the existing development shall not be included in the density calculations for additional stormwater control requirements, and stormwater control requirements cannot be applied retroactively to existing development, unless otherwise required by federal law (from G.S. § 143-214.7)

DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT. A written agreement between the Town and a developer or applicant that sets down the rights and responsibilities of each party as pertaining to a single development.

DEVELOPMENT, MULTI-PHASED. A development containing 25 acres or more that is both of the following:

(A) Submitted for development permit approval to occur in more than one phase;

(B) Subject to a master development plan with committed elements showing the type and intensity of use of each phase.

GOLF DRIVING RANGE. A limited area on which golf players do not walk, but onto which they drive golf balls from a common driving tee. Such uses may include a concessions stand, netting, exterior lighting fixtures, putting greens, as well as maintenance and outdoor storage areas. Such uses do not include golf courses.

GOOD CAUSE. Legally adequate or substantial grounds or reason to take a certain action based upon the circumstances of each individual case.

GOOD FAITH. Sincere conduct free from malice or a desire to defraud others.

GOVERNMENT OFFICES AND FACILITIES. An office or other facility of a governmental agency that provides administrative and/or direct services to the public, such as, but not limited to, town and county administrative offices, courts, employment offices, public assistance offices, motor vehicle licensing and registration services, maintenance and repair centers, and supply and equipment depots. This use does not include jails or correctional institutions.

GRADE. The elevation of the land or land level at a specific point.

GRADE, STREET. The height of the top of the curb, or if no curb exists, the height of the edge of pavement in the lane of travel.

GROUND COVER. Any natural vegetative growth or other material that renders the soil surface stable against accelerated erosion.

GROUP CARE FACILITY. A facility licensed by the state (called by any name, which is not a "family care home" as defined by this ordinance) which employs supervisory and support personnel to provide care for fewer than 30 individuals, including room, board, and personal care and habilitation services in a communal setting.

HEAVY EQUIPMENT SALES AUCTION. An auction that exists primarily for the sale of construction, agricultural, and transportation equipment and other related items. These auctions must be intermittent in nature (limited to a maximum of eight annual events).

HEIGHT. The vertical distance from the mean grade elevation taken at the fronting street side of a structure to the parapet or roof line of a flat roof, the eave of a pitched roof, or the deck line of a mansard roof.

HOME OCCUPATION. A business, profession, occupation, or trade which is conducted within a residential dwelling unit for the economic gain or support of a resident of the dwelling, and is incidental and secondary to the residential use of the lot and which does not adversely or perceptively affect the character of the lot or surrounding area. HOME OCCUPATION includes, but is not limited to: offices; electronic and off-site retail; personal services such as physical therapy by licensed individuals, beauty parlors, pet grooming, and the like. HOME OCCUPATION does not include such businesses as: automotive repair and the like; any licensed or unlicensed practitioner who performs invasive procedures (acupuncture, tattooing, body piercing, and the like); restaurants, bars, social clubs and the like; animal kennels or hospitals and the like; or any other business which is clearly inappropriate or out of character for a residential area such that its location constitutes an adverse impact on neighboring residential properties.

HOSPITAL. An institution specializing in giving clinical, temporary, and emergency services of a medical or surgical nature to human patients and injured persons, that is licensed by state law to provide facilities and services in surgery, obstetrics, or general medical practice. Such institutions may include in-patient medical or surgical care for the sick or injured and related facilities such as laboratories, out-patient departments, training facilities, central services facilities, and staff offices that are an integral part of the facilities.

HOTELS AND MOTELS. Hotel and motel are to be considered synonymous uses. A HOTEL OR MOTEL means a building or a group of buildings in which sleeping accommodations are offered to the public and intended primarily for rental for temporary occupancy by persons on an overnight basis, not including bed and breakfast establishments or a rooming house. Such uses may include microwaves and refrigerators for each guest unit.

IMPERVIOUS SURFACE. Buildings; parking areas; driveways; streets; sidewalks; areas of concrete, asphalt, gravel, or other compacted aggregate; and areas covered by the outdoor storage of goods or materials which do not absorb water.

IMPROVEMENT. Any building, structure, bridge, work of art, area, parking facility, public facility, fence, gate, wall, landscaping, or other object, or any part thereof, constituting physical addition to real property.

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT (STORMWATER). Any non-residential development that requires an NPDES permit for an industrial discharge and/or requires the use or storage of any hazardous material for the purpose of manufacturing, assembling, finishing, cleaning, or developing any product or commodity.

INDUSTRY, LIGHT. The mechanical transformation of predominantly previously prepared materials into new products, including assembly of component parts and the creation of products for sale to the wholesale or retail markets or directly to consumers. Such uses are wholly confined within an enclosed building, do not include processing of hazardous gases and chemicals, and do not emit noxious noise, smoke, vapors, fumes, dust, glare, odor, or vibration. Examples include, but are not limited to: production or repair of small machines or electronic parts and equipment; woodworking and cabinet building; publishing and lithography; computer design and development; research, development, testing facilities and laboratories; apparel production; sign making; assembly of pre-fabricated parts, manufacture of electric, electronic, or optical instruments or devices; manufacture and assembly of artificial limbs, dentures, hearing aids, and surgical instruments; manufacture, processing, and packing of food products, cosmetics, and manufacturing of components, jewelry, clothing, trimming decorations, and any similar item.

INTERMITTENT STREAM. A stream which fails to convey water for some or part of the year due to fluctuations in season, temperature, or humidity.

INTERPRETATION. An interpretation of this ordinance made in writing by the Ordinance Administrator or designee in accordance with the standards in division 1.6, Ordinance Interpretation.

JUNK VEHICLE. A vehicle which does not lawfully display a current license plate and which is partially dismantled or wrecked, or cannot operate under its own power.

JUNKYARD. An establishment or place of business which is maintained, operated, or used for storing, keeping, buying, or selling scrap copper, brass, rope, rags, batteries, paper, trash, rubber, debris, or waste, or for operation and maintenance of a place of business for storing, keeping, buying, or selling wrecked, scrapped, ruined, or dismantled motor vehicles or motor parts.

JUST CAUSE. Legitimate cause; legal or lawful ground for action.

KENNEL, COMMERCIAL. A facility where dogs, cats, or other domestic animals over three months of age are kept, raised, sold, boarded, bred, shown, treated, or groomed. Such a facility may have an indoor and outdoor component.

LAND. The earth, water, and air, above, below, or on the surface, and includes any improvements or structures customarily regarded as land.

PERMIT CHOICE. State laws that permit an applicant to choose which set of development rules to follow if the development rules change between the time an applicant's application form is determined to be complete and when a decision is made on the application by the Town.

PERMITTED USES. Uses allowed to occur by right within a designated zoning or other planning district.

PERSON. For the purposes of enforcing this ordinance in accordance with Article 4, Enforcement, PERSON includes any individual, corporation, government agency, government official, business trust, partnership, two or more persons having a joint interest, or any other legal entity. PERSONS subject to the remedies and penalties established in Article 4, Enforcement, for violating this ordinance shall include: an architect, engineer, builder, contractor, developer, agency, or any other person who participates in, assists, directs, creates, causes, or maintains a condition that results in or constitutes a violation of this ordinance; or an owner, any tenant or occupant, or any other person, who has control over, or responsibility for, the use or development of the land on which the violation occurs. For all other purposes, PERSON means any individual, corporation, government agency, business trust, partnership, two or more persons having a joint interest, or any other legal entity.

PERSON WITH DISABILITIES. A person with a temporary or permanent physical, emotional, or mental disability, including, but not limited to, mental retardation, cerebral palsy, epilepsy, autism, hearing and sight impairments, emotional disturbances, and orthopedic impairments, but not including mentally ill persons who are dangerous to others as defined in G.S. § 122C-3(11)(b).

PERVIOUS SURFACE. A surface that is penetrable by water to some degree. PERVIOUS SURFACES may be constructed of mixed pervious and impervious surfaces such as concrete and grass, or "grass-crete".

PHASE. The discrete portion of a proposed development.

PLAN, CONCEPT. <u>A plan for development intended solely for illustrative purposes and reviewed in accordance with division 3.2.6, Concept Plan, to assist a review authority in its consideration of a proposed development (like a Type 3 Conditional Rezoning or a Special Use Permit). A Concept Plan may, but does not necessarily need to include, the detailed elements typically found in a site plan (for example, detailed locations of buildings, location of off-street parking, location of landscaping, etc.)A general plan reviewed as part of another development review process in accordance with division 3.2.6, Concept Plan.</u>

PLAN, SITE. A scaled drawing and supporting text showing the relationship between lot lines and the existing or proposed uses, buildings, or structures on the lot. The site plan may include, but is not limited to, site-specific details such as building areas, building height and floor area, setbacks from lot lines and street rights—of-way, intensities, densities, utility lines and locations, parking, access points, roads, and stormwater control facilities, that are depicted to show compliance with all legally required development regulations that are applicable to the project and the site plan review. A site specific plan is reviewed and approved or denied by the Ordinance Administrator in accordance with division 3.2.7, Site Plan.

PLAN, SITE-SPECIFIC VESTING. A plan that describes, with reasonable certainty, the type and intensity of use for a specific lot or lots. The plan may be in the form of a Subdivision plat, a Site Plan, a Special Use Permit, or a Conditional District plan. The plan shall include the approximate boundaries of the site; significant topographical and other natural features affecting development of the site; the approximate location on the site of the proposed buildings, structures, and other improvements; the approximate dimensions, including height, of the proposed buildings and other structures; and the approximate location of all existing and proposed infrastructure on the site, including water, sewer, roads, and pedestrian walkways.

effective date, where the total number of lots is not increased and the resultant lots are equal to the standards of this ordinance and the appropriate planning area classification.

(B) The division of land into parcels greater than ten acres where street right-of-way dedication or reservation is not involved.

(C) The creation of strips of land for the widening or opening of streets, sidewalks, or greenways, or the location of public utility rights-of-way.

(D) The division of a tract in single ownership whose entire area is no greater than two acres into not more than three lots, where street right-of-way dedication or reservation is not involved and where the resultant lots are equal to or exceed the standards of the appropriate planning area classification.

(E) The division of land into plots or lots for use as a cemetery.

SUBDIVISION FINAL PLAT. A type of subdivision approval reviewed and approved or denied by the Town Council in accordance with division 3.2.9(E), Subdivision Final Plat.

SUBDIVISION PRELIMINARY PLAT. A type of subdivision approval reviewed and approved or denied by the Town Council in accordance with division 3.2.9(D), Subdivision Preliminary Plat.

SUBSTANTIAL CHANGE. An amendment or deviation in a development, a development application, a use, or a site condition that is significant enough to alter the nature of the development or proposal, its function, or its impact on its surroundings. Substantial changes typically require rereview or additional consideration by an appropriate review authority.

SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENT. Any repair, reconstruction, expansion, or improvement of a structure, the cost of which exceeds 50% of the assessed value of a structure as determined either before the expansion or improvement begins or before the damage occurred giving rise to the repair or reconstruction. SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENT shall not include, however, any repair or improvement required bringing the structure into compliance with existing state or town health, sanitary, safety, or building ordinance specifications necessary to ensure safe habitation of the structure.

SUBSTANTIALLY COMMENCE<u>MENT</u>**D**. The initiation of development or development-related activity subject to the requirements of this Ordinance. Each of the following activities must have taken place in order to achieve substantial commencement:

- All required authorizations to begin the development (including a Building Permit) are secured; and

- All application fees and applicable fines have been paid in full; and

- Any required notice of commencement to all governmental entities or other identified parties has taken place; and

- Performance of some form of site-related activity that requires prior approval from the Town has taken place.

Initiation of site-related activity that does not require some form of approval from the Town, such as surveying, site investigation, plan or study preparation, minor clearing or grubbing of the site, full or partial demolition, or agricultural related activity associated with a bona fide farm, shall not be considered as substantial commencement.

Substantial commencement does not require the start of construction on a principal structure or commencement of the anticipated operation of the approved use. A development project has substantially commenced if it meets any of the following:

(A) It has installed any operational infrastructure or building footings, and these improvements have been approved, constructed, and passed final inspection; and/or

(B) Ten percent or more of the total cost of the development project approved as part of the permit has been expended, not including the land cost, for construction, alteration, demolition, excavation, or other similar work.

A project that has SUBSTANTIALLY COMMENCED for purposes of determining whether an approved plan is null and void is not necessarily the same as "substantial expenditures" used for determining vested rights pursuant to applicable law.

SUBSTANTIAL CONFORMITY. A condition where there is no variation from the preliminary plan or plat, other than minor changes in the size of lots, the location of lot lines, the locations or sizes of easements, or the width of streets. Change in types or numbers of land uses, any variance in residential density, or any change in location of a public right-of-way shall not be considered as being in substantial conformity with an initial approval. For the purposes of this definition, minor changes shall be changes in dimensional attributes of five feet or less or any variation of a dimensional standard of five percent or less.

SUBSTANTIAL PROGRESS. A condition where an applicant has commenced an activity, achieved a minimum threshold of completion, and maintained regular, continuous progress towards completion of the activity. Regular or frequent intermittent interruptions or discontinuance of activities shall not be considered as substantial progress. Examples of substantial progress include completion of required inspections before permit applications expire, meeting deadlines for affirmative acts such as recordation, payment of funds, or applying for subsequent, but required approvals.

SURFACE WATERS. All waters of the state as defined in G.S. § 143-212 except underground waters.

SWIMMING POOL. An above- or below-ground structure with a potential water depth of two feet or more that may be filled with water and used for swimming.

TAP ROOM. A room or defined interior space that is ancillary to the production of beer at a microbrewery, brewpub, or large brewery where the public can purchase and/or consume only the beer produced on-site.

TEMPORARY FAMILY HEALTH CARE STRUCTURE. A transportable residential structure providing an environment facilitating a caregiver's provision of care for a mentally or physically impaired person that (i) is primarily assembled at a location other than its site of installation, (ii) is limited to one occupant who shall be the mentally or physically impaired person, (iii) has no more than 300 gross square feet, and (iv) complies with applicable provisions of the State Building Code and G.S. § 143-139.1(b). Placing the temporary family health care structure on a permanent foundation shall not be required or permitted.

TEXT AMENDMENT. An amendment to the language of this ordinance approved, approved with conditions, or denied by the Town Council in accordance with division 3.2.2, Land Development Ordinance Text Amendment.

TOWN. Town of Butner, North Carolina.

TOXIC SUBSTANCE. Any substance or combination of substances (including disease causing agents), which after discharge and upon exposure, ingestion, inhalation, or assimilation into any organism, either directly from the environment or indirectly by ingestion through food chains, has the potential to cause death, disease, behavioral abnormalities, cancer, genetic mutations, physiological malfunctions (including malfunctions or suppression in reproduction or growth), or physical deformities in such organisms or their offspring or other adverse health effects.

ATTACHMENT 9



STAFF REPORT FOR A.24.04

PUBLIC HEARING DATE: May 2, 2024

SUBJECT: Revisions to Article 2 – Designation of Board of Adjustment duties to the Planning Board

FROM: Jennifer Ganser, AICP, Planning Director

SUMMARY:

Recently staff discussed designating the duties of the Board of Adjustment to the Planning Board at their respective meetings. Staff and the Town Attorney drafted proposed text amendments for review of the Planning Board, and for Town Council final consideration. Staff has notified the Board of Adjustment of this proposed text amendment.

BACKGROUND:

Each group consists of seven members. Staff notes it has been difficult to ensure that each group has a full membership at times. This is important because meetings, and votes, cannot be held without a quorum of members. By combining the groups, staff would be meeting with the same individuals on a regular basis. This will be supplemented with training.

State statue allows for the duties of the Board of Adjustment to be designated to the Planning Board in 160D-302.

§ 160D-302. Boards of adjustment.

(b) Duties. - The board shall hear and decide all matters upon which it is required to pass under any statute or development regulation adopted under this Chapter. The ordinance may designate a planning board or governing board to perform any of the duties of a board of adjustment in addition to its other duties and may create and designate specialized boards to hear technical appeals. If any board other than the board of adjustment is assigned decision-making authority for any quasi-judicial matter, that board shall comply with all of the procedures and the process applicable to a board of adjustment in making quasi-judicial decisions. (2019-111, s. 2.4; 2020-3, s. 4.33(a); 2020-25, s. 51(a), (b), (d).)

The duties of the Planning Board and Board of Adjustment are stipulated by the Land Development Ordinance. Each group has different responsibilities that do not overlap. Attached is Section 2.7 of the Land Development Ordinance that reviews the responsibilities of Town Staff (Ordinance Administrator), Planning Board, Board of Adjustment, and Town Council. The Planning Board is a recommending body only. All items before the Planning Board, regardless of the

Staff Report A.24.04 Page 1 of 3

recommendation made, are sent to the Town Council for final consideration. The Board of Adjustment has final consideration of the items before them.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS:

Attached to this memo.

LAND DEVELOPMENT ORDINANCE TEXT AMENDMENT STANDARDS:

In determining whether to approve or deny a proposed amendment, the following factors shall be considered:

1. Whether the proposed amendment is consistent with the Land Use Plan and any other relevant plans;

The proposed amendment is consistent with the 2040 Land Use Plan.

2. Whether the proposed amendment addresses a demonstrated community need;

The proposed amendments will allow for one Board to hear all zoning entitlements. As such, this will allow staff to foster a relationship with the Board members and ensure that future training on all items is conducted. The Board will be kept informed of all zoning items within the Town.

3. Whether the proposed amendment is in conflict with any other provision of this Ordinance or other related Town regulations;

The proposed amendment is not in conflict with any other provisions of the Town. The proposed text amendment was reviewed by the Town Attorney and is allowed under 160D.

4. Whether the proposed amendment is consistent with the purpose of the zoning districts in this Ordinance, or will improve compatibility among uses and will ensure efficient development in the Town; and,

The amendment is consistent with the current plans and ordinances of the Town.

5. Whether the proposed amendment would result in significantly adverse impacts on the natural environment.

No adverse impacts on the natural environment are anticipated from this request.

LAND USE PLAN:

The proposed amendment is consistent with the Town's goals.

- Update the Land Development Ordinance to incorporate the vision and goals set forth in the Comprehensive Land Use Plan.
- Conduct a review of the Land Development Ordinance to incorporate any changes identified in the plan review process.

ORDINANCE ADMINISTRATOR RECOMMENDATION

The Ordinance Administrator recommends APPROVAL of this request.

PLANNING BOARD RECOMMENDATION

On April 11, 2024 the Town of Butner Planning Board recommended APPROVAL of this request.

LEGAL NOTICE

Butner-Creedmoor News ran a legal notice for public hearing in the April 19, 2024 and April 26, 2024 editions of the newspaper.

§ 2.7 SUMMARY OF REVIEW AND APPROVAL AUTHORITY.

The following table summarizes review and approval authority under this ordinance:

Application Type	Reviewing/Decision-Making Body										
	Ordinance Administrator	Planning Board	Board of Adjustment	Town Council							
Table 2-1: Summary of Review and Approval Authority											
Application Type	Reviewing/Decision-Making Body										
	Ordinance Administrator	Planning Board	Board of Adjustment	Town Council							
Administrative appeal			D								
Concept plan - conditional zoning class	R										
Concept plan - Gateway District	R	R		D							
Concept plan - site plan	D		А								
Concept plan - special use permit	R										
Concept plan - subdivision	D		А								
Conditional zoning classification	R	R		D							
Floodplain development permit	D		А								
Floodplain variance			D								
Land development ordinance text amendment	R	R		D							
Land development permit	D		А								
Major subdivision final plat	D										
Major subdivision preliminary plat	R	R		D							
Minor subdivision	D		А								
Recombination plat	D		А								
Site plan	D		А								
Special intensity allocation	D		А								
Special use permit			D								
Stormwater management permit	D		А								
Tree preservation and protection plan	D		А								
Variance			D								
Watershed variance			D								
Zoning map amendment	R	R		D							

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Butner Town Council Consistency Statement Regarding Text Amendment A.24.04

Written Plan Consistency Statement: The Town of Butner 2040 Comprehensive Land Use Plan notes:

- Update the Land Development Ordinance to incorporate the vision and goals set forth in the Comprehensive Land Use Plan.
- Conduct a review of the Land Development Ordinance to incorporate any changes identified in the plan review process.

§ 2.3 PLANNING BOARD.

2.3.1 Authority and establishment. The Town Planning Board is hereby established pursuant to the authority of G.S. § 160A-361.

2.3.2 Membership. The Planning Board shall consist of seven regular members, who shall consist of residents of the town appointed by the Town Council and residents of the extraterritorial jurisdiction appointed by the County Board of Commissioners proportionate to their population, as provided in G.S. § 160D-307. Two alternate members shall be appointed to the Planning Board to serve in the case of the absence or temporary disqualification of one or more regular Board members. All members shall have the same rights, privileges, and duties regardless of whether matters to be decided arise within the city or within the extraterritorial (ETJ) area.

2.3.3 Quorum. Four or more members of the Planning Board shall constitute a quorum. <u>No action</u> shall be taken on any matter unless a quorum of the Planning Board is present.

2.3.4 Powers and duties. In the application and enforcement of this ordinance, the Planning Board has the following powers and duties.

(A) Review and recommendation. The Planning Board has review and recommendation responsibility for the following:

- (1) Land development ordinance text amendments;
- (2) Zoning map amendments;
- (3) Conditional Zoning District classifications;
- (4) Major subdivision preliminary plats; and
- (5) Establishment of vested rights.
- (B)

(B) The Planning Board is designated to perform the duties of the Board of Adjustment as outlined in 2.4 below.

2.3.5 Voting.

(A) – Required vote for recommendation of approval. The concurring affirmative vote of a majority of the members present and qualified to vote is required to make a recommendation or any other decision in favor of an applicant. Tie votes must be considered recommendations or decisions for denial.

(B) Vote of the Chairperson. The Chairperson of the Planning Board, or Vice Chairperson serving in that role in his or her absence or temporary disqualification, shall vote as any other member of the Board.

2.3.6 Avoiding conflicts of interest. Pursuant to G.S. § 160D-109, members of appointed boards shall not vote on any advisory or legislative decision regarding a development regulation adopted pursuant to G.S. Ch. 160D where the outcome of the matter being considered is reasonably likely to have a direct, substantial, and readily identifiable financial impact on the member. An appointed board member shall not vote on any zoning amendment if the landowner of the property subject to a rezoning petition or the applicant for a text amendment is a person with whom the member has a close familial, business, or other associational relationship.

§ 2.4 BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT.

2.4.1 Authority-and establishment. The Town Planning Board is designated to perform the duties of a Board of Adjustment -Board of Adjustment is hereby established pursuant to the authority of G.S. § 160D-302. There shall be no separately appointed Board of Adjustment and any previously appointed Board of Adjustment is effectively dissolved. When the Planning Board is exercising the duties and powers of a Board of Adjustment, the Planning Board shall follow and adhere to the statutory provisions and local ordinance provisions pertaining and applicable to the Board of Adjustment. References in

Section 2.4 to a Board or a Board of Adjustment shall refer to the Town Planning Board in its capacity as exercising the authority and duties of a Board of Adjustment.

2.4.2 Membership. The duties of the Board of Adjustment shall be carried out by the membership of the Town Planning Board. The Board of Adjustment shall consist of seven regular members, who shall consist of residents of the town appointed by the Town Council and residents of the extraterritorial jurisdiction appointed by the County Board of Commissioners proportionate to their population, as provided in G.S. § 160D-307. Three **Two** alternate members shall be appointed to the Board of Adjustment to serve in the case of the absence or temporary disqualification of one or more regular Board members. All members shall have the same rights, privileges, and duties regardless of whether matters to be decided arise within the city or within the extraterritorial (ETJ) area.

2.4.3 Quorum. No <u>hearing or final</u> action shall be taken on any matter unless a quorum of the Board is present. For all matters except the granting of a variance, a quorum shall consist of four members of the Board. A quorum for granting a variance, floodplain variance, or watershed variance shall <u>require be</u> four-fifths of the members of the Board determined as set out in division 2.4.4(C) below.

2.4.4 Powers and duties. In the application and enforcement of this ordinance, the Board of Adjustment has the following powers and duties.

(A) Final approval authority. The Board of Adjustment is the approving authority for the following:

- (1) Variances;
- (2) Watershed variances;
- (3) Floodplain variances; and
- (4) Special use permits.
- (B) Appeals. The Board of Adjustment shall hear and decide on the following appeals:
 - (1) Appeals of administrative decisions;
 - (2) Appeals of denials for minor subdivision approval;
 - (3) Appeals of denials for site plan approval;
 - (4) Appeals of denials for the issuance of a land development permit;
 - (5) Appeals of denials for the issuance of a stormwater management permit;
 - (6) Appeals of denials for the issuance of a floodplain development permit;
 - (7) Appeals of denials for recombination plat approval; and

(8) Appeals from civil penalties authorized pursuant to G.S. § 143-215.6A imposed under Article

15.

(C) Voting. The concurring vote of four-fifths of the members of the Board shall be necessary to grant a variance, including watershed variances and floodplain variances, from the provisions of the ordinance. A majority of the members shall be required to decide any other quasi-judicial matter or to determine an appeal made in the nature of certiorari. For the purposes of this section, vacant positions on the Board and members who are disqualified from voting on a quasi-judicial matter shall not be considered "members of the board" for calculation of the requisite supermajority if there are no qualified alternates available to take the place of such members.

(G.S. § 160D-406(i))

2.4.5 Avoiding conflicts of interest. Pursuant to G.S. § 160D-109, a member of the Board of Adjustment or any other body exercising the functions of a Board of Adjustment shall not participate in or vote on any quasi-judicial matter in a manner that would violate affected persons' constitutional rights to an impartial decision maker. Impermissible violations of due process include, but are not limited to: a member having a fixed opinion prior to hearing the matter that is not susceptible to change; undisclosed ex parte communications; a close familial, business, or other associational relationship with an affected person; or a financial interest in the outcome of the matter. If an objection is raised to a member's participation at or prior to the hearing or vote on a particular matter and that member does not recuse himself or herself, the remaining members of the board shall by majority vote rule on the objection.



TOWN OF BUTNER

Monthly Financial Dashboard FISCAL YEAR ENDING June 30, 2024

Reporting Period: March 2024

OUR CASH AND INVEST	MEI	NTS							
Balances on March 31, 2024	, in	whole dollar:	s						
CASH & INVESTMENTS B	YF	UND							
GENERAL FUND									
	N	Aarch 2023	^	Aarch 2024					
Operating	\$	12,000,898	\$	10,165,993					
Powell Bill		671,571		501,486					
Designated Funds	\$	449,944	\$	381,850					
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	\$	13,122,413	\$	11,049,328					
OTHER FUNDS									
	N	Aarch 2023	^	Aarch 2024					
Stormwater Fund	\$	1,573,717	\$	1,880,249					
Local Vehicle Taxes		114,360		146,375					
Capital Improvement Fund		450,382		2,109,112					
ARPA Funds		7,331		-					
Butner Econ Dev Grant		-		501,486					
Capital Projects Fund	\$	440,620	\$	511,146					
TOTAL OTHER FUNDS	\$	2,586,410	\$	5,148,368					
TOTAL CASH & INVESTMENTS TOWN-WIDE									
TOTAL CASH & INVESTMENTS	то	WN-WIDE							
TOTAL CASH & INVESTMENTS		WN-WIDE Aarch 2023	٨	Narch 2024					

REVENUE COLLECTIONS	S BY	SOURCE		
		FY 22-23	FY 23-24	
	As	of 3/31/23	As of 3/31/24	% Change
ABC Profits	\$	11,403	\$ 11,403	0.00%
Property & Vehicle Taxes	\$	2,768,743	2,885,967	4.23%
Granville County Funding		108,826	29,954	-72.48%
DHHS Funding		909,655	936,243	2.92%
Falls Lake Academy SRO		29,969	104,890	249.99%
State Fire Protection Grant		-	-	
Grants		941	44,616	4641.34%
Franchise & Utility Taxes		231,093	243,231	5.25%
Miscellaneous		50,266	54,570	8.56%
Interest Earned		272,353	476,792	75.06%
Transfer From Other Funds		2,517,244	225,000	-91.06%
Planning Fees		3,970	6,520	64.23%
Loan Proceeds		-		
Public Safety Fees		9,508	12,929	35.98%
Recreation/Facility Fees		35,006	48,943	39.81%
Rent		50,051	46,153	-7.79%
Sale of Assets		4,465	10,600	137.40%
Sales Tax		1,474,563	1,531,136	3.84%
SGWASA Agreement		375,000	380,000	1.33%
Assessments		-	-	
State Shared Revenue		3,490	3,447	-1.23%
Total	\$	8,856,546	\$ 7,052,392	

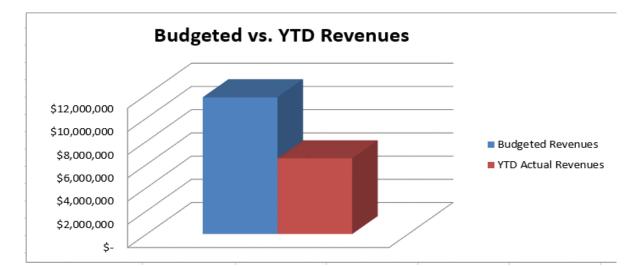
REVENUE COLLECTIONS BUDGET vs. ACTUAL

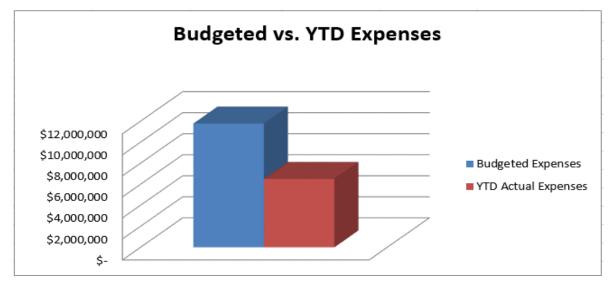
	FY Budget	Y	TD Actual	% Collected
ABC Profits	\$ 22,806	\$	11,403	50.00%
Property & Vehicle Taxes	2,970,953		2,885,967	97.14%
Granville County Funding	109,476		29,954	27.36%
DHHS Funding	936,243		936,243	100.00%
Falls Lake Academy SRO	134,859		104,890	77.78%
State Fire Protection Grant	69,854		-	0.00%
Grants	73,450		44,616	60.74%
Fund Balance Appropriated	4,099,733		-	0.00%
Franchise & Utility Taxes	464,998		243,231	52.31%
Miscellaneous	50,500		54,570	108.06%
Interest Earned	384,530		476,792	123.99%
Planning Fees	5,000		6,520	130.40%
Public Safety Fees	11,250		12,929	114.92%
Recreation/Facility Fees	51,850		48,943	94.39%
Rent	66,000		46,153	69.93%
Sale of Assets	105,000		10,600	10.10%
Sales Tax	3,203,616		1,531,136	47.79%
SGWASA Agreement	500,000		380,000	76.00%
Transfer From Other Funds	225,000		225,000	100.00%
State Shared Revenue	40,212		3,447	8.57%
Total	\$ 13,525,330	\$	7,052,392	52.14%

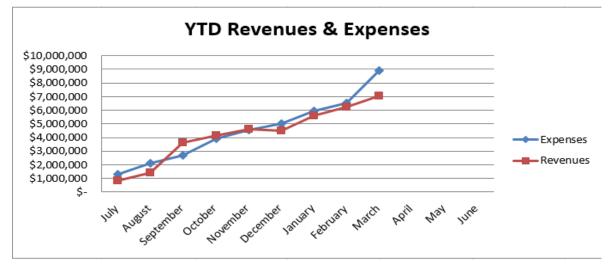
OUR CASH FLOWS						. ~	
			Co	-	arison of FYTE		
GENERAL FUND REVENUES &	EXPENDITURES			P	rior FYTD %	Сι	rrent FYTD %
	Fiscal Year Budget			\$	11,520,894	\$	13,525,330
	Revenues Fiscal Year to Date		7,052,392		76.87%		52.14%
	Expenses Fiscal Year to Date	\$	9,039,989		69.37%		66.84%
POWELL BILL FUND							
	Fiscal Year Budget			\$	834,834	\$	416,862
	Revenues Fiscal Year to Date		450,127		27.01%		107.989
	Expenses Fiscal Year to Date	\$	-		0.00%		0.009
STORMWATER FUND							
	Fiscal Year Budget			\$	622,170	\$	687,197
	Revenues Fiscal Year to Date	\$	477,665		80.80%		69.51%
	Expenses Fiscal Year to Date	\$	175,008		25.32%		25.479
Local Vehicle Tax Fund							
	Fiscal Year Budget			\$	29,850	\$	29,850
	Revenues Fiscal Year to Date	\$	19,423		74.37%		65.079
	Expenses Fiscal Year to Date	\$	-		0.00%		0.009
Capital Project Budget	Gazebo Park Sto	ge		P	rior FYTD %	Cu	rrent FYTD %
				\$	325,000	\$	325,000
	Revenues to Date	\$	325,000		0.00%		100.009
	Expenses to Date	\$	17,063		0.00%		5.25%
	Umstead Correction	Cor	tor		rior FYTD %	<u> </u>	rrent FYTD %
	Unsiedd Conecilon	Cei	liei	S	825.000	S	948,162
	Revenues to Date	\$	123,162	Ŧ	0.00%	Ŧ	12.999
	Expenses to Date	₽ \$	61,581		0.00%		6.499
	Expenses to Dulle	Ψ	01,001		0.0078		0.477
	Side Walk C-Stre	et		Р	rior FYTD %	С	rrent FYTD %
				\$		\$	164,890
	Revenues to Date	\$	164,890	•	0.00%		100.009
	Expenses to Date	\$	30,065		0.00%		18.23

EXPENDITURES AT A GLANCE...

Compar	rison	of Monthly	Exp	enses					
					~	_		% of	
GENERAL FUND		YTD Exp			%	-	iscal Year	Budget	
DEPARTMENTS		Prior FY		Current FY	Change		024 Budget	Expended	
Governing Body	\$	109,530	\$	114,328	4.38%	\$	178,534	64.04%	
Administration		334,585		327,622	-2.08%		476,461	68.76%	
Finance		176,306		190,076	7.81%		325,297	58.43%	
Human Resources		123,966		136,550	10.15%		211,453	64.58%	
Legal		78,595		113,280	44.13%		161,636	70.08%	
Town Hall		31,827		52,720	65.64%		69,800	75.53%	
Landscaping & Beautification		1,028		955	-7.13%		15,500	6.16%	
Christmas Decorations		13,427		5,426	-59.59%		12,500	43.41%	
EMS Building		638		776	21.63%		2,100	36.95%	
600 Central Ave. Property		1,279		3,438	168.82%		3,200	107.45%	
Non-Departmental		124,548		141,827	13.87%		150,385	94.31%	
Umstead Property		2,856		2,379	-16.70%		3,899	61.02%	
ADA Transition		1,097		-	-100.00%		20,000	0.00%	
Information Technology		62,775		113.614	80.99%		214,742	52.91%	
Public Safety		3,232,010		3,618,416	11.96%		5,147,910	70.29%	
BPS Training Center		5,408		5,652	4.51%		15,250	37.06%	
Public Works		350,510		385,554	10.00%		537,014	71.80%	
Recycling Center		14,465		15,179	4.93%		24,500	61.95%	
Forestry & Nursery		7,632		12,858	68.47%		23,000	55.90%	
Planning & Zoning		119,801		152,453	27.26%		295,943	51.51%	
Butner Athletic Park		235,509		244,175	3.68%		394,241	61.94%	
D Street Ball Field		1.289		1,941	50.58%		2,500	77.64%	
Gazebo Park		8,044		7,133	-11.33%		16,600	42.97%	
Lake Holt		5,692		4,189	-26.40%		13,350	31.38%	
Sports Arena		28,031		34,895	24.49%		40,300	86.59%	
Community Events		5,970		-	-100.00%		-	0.00%	
Special Events		21,622		80,593	272.74%		139,744	57.67%	
Capital Outlay		869,662		1,040,581	19.65%		2,698,604	38.56%	
Sales Tax		29,207		49,502	69.49%		50,000	99.00%	
Contingency		-		-	a / / a===		86,843	0.00%	
Transfers to Other Funds	*	440,000	¢	2,045,862	364.97%	¢	2,194,024	93.25%	
F	\$	6,437,309	\$	8,901,972	38.29%	\$	13,525,330	65.82%	
Encumbrances			\$	138,017					
Total Expenses			\$	9,039,989				66.84%	







ATTACHMENT 17



Town Manager's Report May 2, 2024

Ladder Truck Update – Use of Contingency Funds – This month we authorized C.W. Williams to repair the radiator and radiator fan for our ladder truck. The formal quote is less than originally anticipated and totals \$17,551.40. Funds for the fix have been taken from contingency. *For Your Information*.

Timber Harvest Update – The Town's forester (Tim Harris – Headwaters Forestry) has concluded the timber cruise of the Town's 750-acre tract and has prepared specifications for a timber sale. The total area to be harvested is approximately 192 acres. The Town attorney is reviewing the bid items, and we anticipate the timber sale being out for bidding within the next week with bids to be received before the June council meeting. *For Your Information*.

Gate Two Road Transportation Corridor Study – This month the town released a request for qualifications for engineering firms to complete a transportation corridor study for Gate Two Road and Central Avenue. A total of six firms responded, and staff are reviewing responses and hope to make a recommendation at your June or July meeting. The study area is from Will Suitt Road and Gate Two Road to Central Avenue and Westbrook Drive. The study will focus on defining and improving access along and in the Gateway area and recommending streetscape improvements along Central Avenue. The overall intent is to prepare for future growth and identify improvements to the transportation system. *For Your Information*.

Greenway Bridge Update – Structural engineering drawings have been completed and staff is working to identify contractors and obtain quotes. We have reason to believe the repair cost could be significant. *For Your Information*.

Welcome Sign Logo – The beautification committee recently recommended the addition of a Town logo to the backside of the welcome sign on Central Avenue. Staff is in agreement and believes this can be done with funds within the current year budget. Unless the council has an objection, we intend to move forward with this. *For Your Information*.

Food Truck Fridays – Staff has finalized the schedule for May, June, and July for food truck Fridays at Gazebo Park. The event will occur once a month between 11am and 2pm. The initial dates are as follows: May 10th, June 14th, and July 12th. *For Your Information*.

Budget Presentation – The FY24-25 recommended budget will be presented to Council and a public hearing scheduled for the June council meeting. *For Your Information*.

Planning Department Report

MAY 2, 2024



April Activity

- Reviewed responses for the on-call RFQ for professional services
- Gate 2 Road Central Avenue Corridor Infrastructure Study RFQ responses due April 22
- Attended Planning and Zoning 101 class held by UNC SOG
- Spoke at UNC SOG class on careers in the planning industry
- Attended Performance Stage (Gazebo Park) pre-bid meeting
- Attended SGWASA open house on I-85 Sanitary Sewer Improvement Project
- Attended Granville County Trail Study Open House follow-up meeting
- Sidewalk on East A Street started
- Received a grant from NCDEQ for new signage at the Butner recycling center

Board of Adjustment / Planning Board

- Planning Board scheduled for May 9th
 - American Hero concept plan review

Code Enforcement

• Eleven (11) open violations

Zoning permits

- Ten (10) zoning permits were issued in the month of April
 - Five (5) food truck permits

Falls Lake Academy

- Proposed Baseball, and Softball fields
- Previously underwent rezoning to Conditional Office Institutional (CU – OI) in 2022
- Permit submitted April 22nd



Performance Stage

- Stage proposed at Gazebo Park
- First review completed, awaiting revisions



SGWASA Village Court Lift Station

- New lift station proposed off Village Court near Tractor Supply
- Stormwater deposit paid
- Permit under review



SGWASA E. Middleton Drive Lift Station

- New Lift Station proposed off East Middleton Drive near Flemming Farm
- Stormwater deposit paid
- Permit under review



Meritage Homes

- Approx. 800 lots proposed along W Lyon Station Road
- Planned Unit Development (PUD) Rezoning
- Town Council approved Concept Plan on January 4, 2024
- Awaiting Meritage to submit for preliminary plat



American Hero

- Redesigned plans from their 2018 approvals in CX zoning district
- Concept plan scheduled for the May 9th Planning Board



Ongoing Projects

- Creedmoor Fuel awaiting NCDOT approval
- Altec awaiting SGWASA approval
- Cookout awaiting
 SGWASA and NCDOT
 Approval







Butner Town Council Meeting Butner Public Safety Monthly Report May 2, 2024 (submitted 04/24/2024) By Chief J.G. Champion

FIRE SERVICES

Notable Fire Calls and Calls for Services since the last meeting

Fire Incidents April

March 25-April 23

Fire Incidents

Fire Alarm Activations	17
Motor Vehicle Collisions	6
Cancelled Enroute/No incident	6
Mutual Aid	3
Outside trash or Brush Fire	2
Elevator Rescue	2
Vehicle Fire	1
Downed Powerline	1
Total Number of Incidents	38

Notable Events

None

POLICE SERVICES

Police Calls and Services for April 2024 (March 25-April 23)

Police Calls and Services for April 2024

911 Hang Up Calls - Animal Complaints - Arrest - Breaking and Entering B & E Motor Vehicles - Communicating Threats - Disturbances - DWI - EMS Calls - Juvenile Complaints - Larcenies -	33 3 29 1 2 1 16 1 14 4 5 2
•	-
Larceny of Motor Vehicles Traffic Stops - Citations issued -	2 326 111

Butner Town Council Meeting Butner Public Safety Monthly Report May 2, 2024 (submitted 04/24/2024) By Chief J.G. Champion

Traffic Check Points-	9
Vehicle Crashes"10-50's" -	13
Ride Along -	3
Robbery -	0
Property Checks-	230
Operations Reports Code#5-	289
Calls Resolved without Reports-	650

Notable Incidents

Sgt. Lomena attempted a vehicle stop of a white Toyota Corolla for an equipment violation. The Corolla fled resulting in a vehicle chase. The chase entered into the jurisdiction of the Granville County Sheriff's Office who assisted. As a result, the Corolla collided with two sheriff vehicles. PSO Dominguez and K9 Officer Parkstone took the subject into custody after a brief foot chase. The suspect was a resident of Stem NC.

The charges were Felony Flee to Elude, Possession of a Firearm by a Felon, Resist Delay Obstruct, Possession of Drug Paraphernalia, Driving with a Revoked License, and Careless/Reckless Driving.

Chief's Notes

Training hours overview- From February 28-March 26 Butner Public Safety employees participated in 386 hours of fire training and 604 hours of law enforcement training. This includes all training that is attended by Public Safety Officers, Firefighters, Telecommunicators, and civilian personnel.

Butner Public Safety has received over 100 steering wheel locks from Hyundai Motor America. This is in response to the rising thefts of Hyundai and Kia automobiles. BPS has teamed up with Oxford Police Department to give these locks out to residents of Granville County. Any resident in Granville County who owns a 2011-2021 Hyundai or Kia model automobile with a key start ignition that has not received the anti-theft software upgrade, can come by Butner Public Safety or Oxford Police Department. They must arrive in the vehicle and registration for proof of residence to receive a free steering wheel lock.